"Total equity attributable to owners of the

Company" is recognized as "Total equity"

calculating "Equity ratio."

and is also used as the denominator of "Net debt/equity ratio" and the numerator when

## **Results Highlights**

# ◆ In the year ended March 31, 2022, the first year of Medium-Term Management Plan 2023, increasingly strong downward pressure was placed on the global economy by factors including Russia's military invasion of Ukraine and the economic sanctions placed on Russia in response to this act. At the same time, there was an ongoing need to monitor the potential market impacts of various factors. Such factors included the possibility of resumed increases in COVID-19 cases, soaring resource prices, supply restrictions and inflation that resulted from supply chain disruptions, and rapid interest rate increases and yen depreciation triggered by the monetary tightening measures of the central banks of several countries.

The Company's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2022 was up year on year due to higher revenue in the Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling Division, a result of higher prices for coal and precious metals; in the Chemicals Division, a result of growth in plastic resin transactions and higher methanol prices; and in the Automotive Division, a result of increased sales volumes in overseas automotive businesses.

Despite the increase in SG&A expenses and other expenses, profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) increased year on year following higher gross profit and a rise in share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method attributable to earnings growth at a steel operating company.

## (Figures in parentheses are YoY changes)

#### Revenue

2,100.8 bn yen (+498.3 bn yen / +31.1%)

- Increase in the Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling Div. due to higher coal prices and precious metals
- Increase in the Chemicals Div. due to higher transaction volumes of plastic resin and a price increase in methanol
- Increase in the Automotive Div. due to higher sales volumes in overseas automotive operations

## Gross profit

271.3 bn yen (+83.2 bn yen / +44.2%)

- Increase in the Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling Div. due to increase in coal prices
- Increase in the Chemicals Div. due to the higher price of methanol and higher transaction volumes of plastic resin
- Increase in the Automotive Div. due to higher sales volumes in overseas automotive operations

## Profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company)

82.3 bn yen (+55.3 bn yen / +204.9%)

- Increase in gross profit
- Increase in share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method
- ◆ Cash dividends per share for the year ended March 31, 2022

Year-end : 61.00 yen per share (Full year : 106.00 yen per share)

The Company conducted a five-for-one share consolidation of common shares of stock effective October 1, 2021. The interim dividend reflecting this share consolidation was 45.00 yen.

◆ Earnings forecast for the year ending March 31, 2023

Profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) 85.0 bn yen

(Initial Assumptions)

Exchange rate (annual average: ¥/US\$) : 115

◆ Cash dividends per share for the year ending March 31, 2023 (forecast)

Interim : 56.00 yen per share

Year-end : 56.00 yen per share (Full year: 112.00 yen per share)

- \*1 Core earnings = Gross profit + SG&A expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and write-offs) + Net interest expenses + Dividends received + Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method
- \*2 Core operating cash flow = Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Changes in working capital
- \*3 Core cash flow = Core operating cash flow + Post-adjustment, net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Dividends paid Purchase of treasury stock (Post-adjustment, net cash provided by (used in) investing activities is net cash provided by (used in) investing activities after adjustment for changes in long-term operating assets, etc.)

## Caution regarding forward-looking statements:

This document contains forward-looking statements based on information available to the Company at the time of disclosure and certain assumptions that management believes to be reasonable. Actual results may differ materially based on various factors, including the timing at which the COVID-19 pandemic ends; changes in economic conditions in key markets, both in and outside of Japan; and exchange rate movements. The Company will provide timely disclosure of any material changes, events, or other relevant issues.

# Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss

	_					(BN JPY)
	FY2021	FY2020			FY2021	1
	Results	Results	Difference	Factors Affecting Circled Figures	Full-year Forecast	Percentage Achieved
	a	b	a-b		С	a/c
				Revenue: segment changes		
				Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling +204.3	3	
Revenue	2,100.8	1,602.5	498.3	Chemicals +131.	5	
				Automotive +63.2	2	
				Gross profit: segment changes		
				Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling +47.6	5	
Gross profit	271.3	188.1	83.2	Chemicals +13.4	260.0	104%
				Automotive +13.3	L	
SG&A expenses						
Personnel expenses	(101.6)	(93.5)	(8.1)			
Non-personnel expenses	(58.7)					
Depreciation		(17.5)				
Provision of allowance for	(19.0)					
doubtful accounts	(1.0)	0.0	(1.0)			
(Total SG&A expenses)	<u>(180.3)</u>	<u>(161.1)</u>	(19.2)		(180.0)	
(Total Sawa expenses)	(100.5)	(101.1)	(19.2)		(180.0)	
Other income/expenses						
				→ Sale of overseas office building		
Gain/loss on sale and disposal of fixed assets, net	6.7	2.9	3.8	Jule of overseus office building		
or fixed assets, free						
Impairment loss on fixed assets	(2.6)	(5.5)	2.9			
Gain on reorganization of		2.0	2.2			
subsidiaries/associates	6.1)	3.9	2.2	-> Industrial machinery-related company		
Loss on reorganization of						
subsidiaries/associates	(18.2)	(2.1)	(16.1)	Thermal coal-related company		
Other operating income/expenses	(5.8)	(0.3)	(5.5)	,		
(Total other income/expenses)	(13.8)	(1.1)			(7.0)	
Financial income/costs						
Interest earned	7 4	F 4	2.0			
Interest earned Interest expenses	7.4 (11.2)	5.4 (11.8)	2.0 0.6			
(Interest expenses, net)	(11.2) (3.8)	(11.8) (6.4)				
Dividends received	5.1	3.0	2.1			
Other financial income/costs	0.8	0.1	0.7			
(Financial income/costs, net)	2.1	(3.3)			1.0	
Share of profit (loss) of investments				Increase in profit from steel		
accounted for using the equity method	38.0	14.8	23.2	operating company	34.0	
Profit before tax	117.3	37.4	79.9		108.0	109%
Income tax expenses	(31.8)	(8.0)	(23.8)		(25.0)	
Profit for the year	85.5	29.4	56.1		83.0	103%
(Profit attributable to)	02.2	27.0			00.0	10001
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	82.3	27.0 2.4	55.3 0.8		3.0	103%
Non-controlling interests	3.2	۷. <del>4</del>	Ι υ.δ		J 3.0	I
Core earnings*1	131.3	38.4	92.9		115.0	]
		-	-	•		-

## **Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**

)	ı	I I	l	I	(BN JPY)
		Mar. 31,	Mar. 31,		
		2022	2021	Difference	Factors Affecting Circled Figures
- —		d	е	d-e	
Cu	rrent assets	<u>1,394.2</u>	<u>1,195.4</u>	<u>198.8</u>	
C	Cash and cash equivalents	271.7	287.6	(15.9)	
Т	Time deposits	10.8	10.1	0.7	Increase in chemicals, building materials, and
Т	rade and other receivables	791.5	636.2	155.3	tobacco
_ I	nventories	232.8	187.9	44.9	Increase in chemicals and building materials
C	Other current assets	87.4	73.6	13.8	
No	on-current assets	<u>1,267.5</u>	<u>1,104.7</u>	<u>162.8</u>	
P	Property, plant and equipment	201.5	191.3	10.2	
L	Lease assets (Right-of-use assets)	69.7	72.8	(3.1)	
- -	Goodwill	82.5	67.2	15.3	
I	ntangible assets	85.0	61.5	23.5	
I	nvestment property	13.3	11.6	1.7	Increase due to new acquisition and
	nvestments accounted for using the equity method	673.6	590.8	82.8	accumulation of share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method
C	Other non-current assets	141.9	109.5	32.4	Increase due to aircraft-related businesses
То	tal assets	2,661.7	2,300.1	361.6	
	i		l	1	1
Cu	rrent liabilities	<u>897.6</u>	<u>734.8</u>	162.8	
Т	rade and other payables	546.0	476.0	70.0	Increase in chemicals, building materials, and tobacco
L	ease liabilities	17.4	16.8	0.6	
В	Bonds and borrowings	231.2	158.6	72.6	Increase due to new borrowings
C	Other current liabilities	103.0	83.4	19.6	
No	on-current liabilities	1,000.2	910.8	<u>89.4</u>	
L	ease liabilities	57.8	60.5	(2.7)	
Е	Bonds and borrowings	821.5	749.7	71.8	Increase due to new borrowings
F	Retirement benefit liabilities	23.9	21.9	2.0	
C	Other non-current liabilities	97.0	78.7	18.3	
_	tal liabilities	1,897.8	1,645.6	252.2	
	Share capital	160.3	160.3	_	
	Capital surplus	147.0	146.8	0.2	
	reasury stock	(31.0)	(15.9)	(15.1)	Purchase of treasury stock Increase due to changes in foreign exchange
C	Other components of equity	136.8	77.8	59.0	rates and stock prices
R	Retained earnings	314.9	250.0	64.9	Profit for the year +82.3 Dividends paid (16.4)
	Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	<u>728.0</u>	619.0	<u>109.0</u>	Simusinus punu (10.7)
N	Non-controlling interests	35.9	35.5	0.4	
То	tal equity	763.9	654.5	109.4	
To	tal liabilities and equity	2,661.7	2,300.1	361.6	
		4 050 7			*4. Long lightliting (under gurrent lightliting and man
G	Gross interest-bearing debt*4	1,052.7	908.3	+144.4	*4 Lease liabilities (under current liabilities and non-
_	Gross interest-bearing debt*4  Net interest-bearing debt*4	770.2	908.3	+144.4 +159.6	current liabilities) have been excluded from calculations of gross interest-bearing debt and net

27.4%

155.3%

78.0%

26.9%

162.7%

82.5%

+0.5%

(7.4%)

(4.5%)

# Comprehensive Income

			(BN JPY)	
	FY2021	FY2020		
	Results	Results	Difference	
	a	b	a-b	
Profit for the year	85.5	29.4	56.1	
Other comprehensive income	63.1	33.6	29.5	
Total comprehensive income for the period	148.6	63.0	85.6	
Comprehensive income attributable to:				
Owners of the Company	142.4	59.1	83.3	
Non-controlling interests	6.2	3.9	2.3	
	-		·	

## Cash Flows

Core cash flow\*3

Casii Fiuws				
	FY2021	FY	2020	(BN JPY)
	Results	Results	Difference	Factors Affecting Circled Figures
	а	b	a-b	
Cash flows from operating activities	65.1	85.0	(19.9)	Inflows from business earnings and dividend income
Cash flows from investing activities	(138.8)	(35.7)	(103.1)	Outflows due to investments and aircraft-related businesses
<u>FCF</u>	(73.7)	<u>49.3</u>	(123.0)	
Cash flows from financing activities	46.9	(40.6)	87.5	Inflows from new borrowings and outflows due to dividends paid and purchase of treasury stock
				_
Core operating cash flow*2	128.7	60.2	68.5	

Equity ratio\*5

Current ratio

Long-term debt ratio

27.0

+55.3

Sojitz Corporation

(BN JPY)

					(BN JPY)	
Operating Results						
	FY21	FY20	Difference	FY21 Forecast (Feb. 2, 2022)	Percentage Achieved (Against Forecast)	
Revenue	2,100.8	1,602.5	+498.3	-		Г
Gross profit	271.3	188.1	+83.2	260.0	104%	
SG&A expenses	(180.3)	(161.1)	(19.2)	(180.0)		
Other income/expenses	(13.8)	(1.1)	(12.7)	(7.0)		
Financial income/costs	2.1	(3.3)	+5.4	1.0		
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method	38.0	14.8	+23.2	34.0		
Profit before tax	117.3	37.4	+79.9	108.0	109%	
Profit for the year (Profit attributable to)	85.5	29.4	+56.1	83.0	103%	
Owners of the Company	82.3	27.0	+55.3	80.0	103%	
Non-controlling interests	3.2	2.4	+0.8	3.0		
Core earnings*1	131.3	38.4	+92.9	115.0		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of	142.4	59.1	+83.3	-		

<sup>\*1</sup> Core earnings = Gross profit + SG&A expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and write-offs) + Net interest expenses + Dividends received + Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted

the Company

for using the equity method

	Segmen	t Perfor	mance	(Gross	Pı
=		FY21	FY20	Difference	
б 	Automotive	45.6	32.5	+13.1	
	Aerospace & Transportation Project	16.2	12.5	+3.7	
	Infrastructure & Healthcare	19.0	19.4	(0.4)	
	Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	60.0	12.4	+47.6	
ó —	Chemicals	50.7	37.3	+13.4	
б б	Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business	31.3	27.4	+3.9	
-	Retail & Consumer	31.3	27.6	+3.7	

Total	271.3	188.1	+83.2

17.2

Service

Others

(BN JPY)

## Segment Performance (Profit for the Year Attributable to Owners of the Company)

FY21	FY20	Difference	Main factors of differences	FY21 Forecast (Feb. 2, 2022)	Main factors of differences between results and revised forecast for FY2021
7.1	1.1	+6.0	Increased due to higher sales volumes in overseas automotive operations	6.5	Performance generally as forecast
4.7	1.8	+2.9	Increased due to higher transaction volumes in aircraft- and marine vessel-related businesses	4.0	Performance generally as forecast
6.6	8.2	(1.6)	Decreased due to impairment loss on telecommunication infrastructure business in Myanmar despite steady profit from healthcare-related businesses and power generation businesses in Japan and overseas	6.5	Performance generally as forecast, despite recorded impairment loss on telecommunication infrastructure business in Myanmar
34.1	(1.8)	+35.9	Increased due to higher profits from a rise in coal market conditions and higher profits from steel operating company thanks to recovery of steel demand, despite provision recorded for thermal coal interests based on decarbonization target	44.0	Provision recorded for thermal coal assets to address potential future stranded asset risks as part of decarbonization initiatives
12.6	5.8	+6.8	Increased due to recovery of methanol prices and higher transaction volumes of plastic resin	12.0	Performance generally as forecast
6.4	4.6	+1.8	Increased due to a rise in market conditions of imported plywood despite higher production costs due to increase in raw material prices in fertilizer businesses	5.0	Performance exceeded annual forecast due to steady profits from lumber-related businesses
5.0	4.9	+0.1	Relatively unchanged year on year due to absence of gains from sale of shopping mall recorded in the previous year despite higher sales volumes of food-related company	4.0	Performance exceeded annual forecast due to earnings from food- related company
5.8	2.4	+3.4	Increased due to sales of assets	(2.0)	Performance exceeded due to recording of structural reform expenses in the business segments above

80.0

Financial Position								
	Mar. 31, 2022	Mar. 31, 2021	Difference					
Total assets	2,661.7	2,300.1	+361.6					
Total equity*2	728.0	619.0	+109.0					
Equity ratio	27.4%	26.9%	+0.5%					
Net interest-bearing debt*3	770.2	610.6	+159.6					

Net D/E ratio (times)	1.06	0.99	+0.07
Risk assets	450.0	390.0	+60.0
Ratio of risk assets to equity (times)	0.6	0.6	0.0

<sup>\*2 &</sup>quot;Total equity" above refers to "Total equity attributable to owners of the Company" and is used as the denominator when calculating "Net D/E ratio" and the numerator when calculating "Equity ratio."

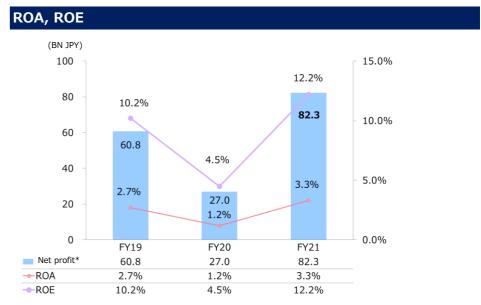
## Commodity Prices and Exchange Rates

19.0

(1.8)

	FY20 Results (Annual Avg.)	FY21 Initial Assumption (Annual Avg.)	FY21 Results (Annual Avg.)	FY21 Results (JanMar. Avg.)
Coking coal**1	US\$117.9/t	US\$127.5/t	US\$317.5/t	US\$490.7/t
Thermal coal**1	US\$65.6/t	US\$80.0/t	US\$181.7/t	US\$263.4/t
Crude oil (Brent)	US\$45.8/bbl	US\$50.0/bbl	US\$80.0/bbl	US\$97.9/bbl
Exchange rate**2	¥105.9/US\$	¥108.0/US\$	¥113.04/US\$	¥117.8/US\$

<sup>\*\*1</sup> Coal prices are based on standard market prices and therefore differ from the Company's selling prices.



<sup>\*</sup> Attributable to owners of the Company

<sup>\*3</sup> Lease liabilities (under current liabilities and non-current liabilities) have been excluded from calculations of net interest-bearing debt.

Sojitz Corporation

			(BN JPY)
Operating Results			
	FY21	FY22 Forecast	Difference
Revenue	2,100.8	-	_
Gross profit	271.3	300.0	+28.7
SG&A expenses	(180.3)	(210.0)	(29.7)
Other income/expenses Other income/expenses Financial income/costs	(13.8)	0.0	+13.8
Financial income/costs Share	2.1	(5.0)	(7.1)
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method	38.0	35.0	(3.0)
Profit before tax	117.3	120.0	+2.7
Profit for the year (Profit attributable to)	85.5	88.0	+2.5
Owners of the Company	82.3	85.0	+2.7
Non-controlling interests	3.2	3.0	(0.2)
Core earnings*1	131.3	120.0	(11.3)

<sup>\*1</sup> Core earnings = Gross profit + Selling, general and administrative expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and write-offs) + Net interest expenses + Dividends received + Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method

#### **Financial Position**

	Mar. 31, 2022	Mar. 31, 2023 forecast	Difference
Total assets	2,661.7	2,700.0	+38.3
Total equity*1	728.0	760.0	+32.0
Equity ratio	27.4%	28.1%	+0.7%
Net interest-bearing debt*2	770.2	800.0	+29.8
Net D/E ratio (times)	1.06	1.1	-
Risk assets	450.0	-	-
Ratio of risk assets to equity (times)	0.6	_	-

<sup>\*1 &</sup>quot;Total equity" above refers to "Total equity attributable to owners of the Company" and is used as the denominator when calculating "Net D/E ratio" and the numerator when calculating "Equity ratio."

## Segment Performance (Profit for the Year\*)

*Attributable to owners of the Company			
	FY21		FY22 Forecast
Automotive	7.1		6.0
Aerospace & Transportation Project	4.7		4.5
Infrastructure & Healthcare	6.6		9.0
Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	34.1		51.0
Chemicals	12.6		12.5
Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business	6.4		3.0
Retail & Consumer Service	5.0		5.0
Others	5.8		(6.0)
Total	82.3		85.0

Note: Based on organizational reforms effective as of April 1, 2022, figures for Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business segment and Retail & Consumer Service segement have been arrived at through a simple conversion of figures for the previous organizational structure to reflect the new organizational structure. Accordingly, it is possible that these figures may differ from those disclosed later.

(Announcement on Feb. 10, 2022: https://www.sojitz.com/jp/news/docs/220210\_02e.pdf)

### FY2022 Outlook

Automotive	Earnings expected to decrease due to influence from Russia-related businesses, despite growing earnings from investments in emerging countries and steady profit from principal overseas businesses anticipated
Aerospace & Transportation Project	Earnings contributions expected to remain around the same level considering an increase in aircraft-related transactions and a decrease in transaction volumes of marine vessel-related businesses compared with FY2021
Infrastructure & Healthcare	Steady profit from healthcare-related businesses and power generation businesses in Japan and overseas, and accumulation of earnings from new investments
Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	Earnings expected to increase following coal market conditions and absence of structural reform expenses recorded in the previous fiscal year
Chemicals	Steady profit expected from methanol businesses and plastic resin businesses
Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business	Earnings expected to decrease due to higher production costs stemming from an increase in raw material prices in fertilizer businesses
Retail & Consumer Service	Steady profit expected from food-related company
Others	Incorporation into forecasts of rebound from asset sales conducted in previous fiscal year and impacts of rising cost, inflation due to higher USD interest rates, and other causes of opaqueness

#### **Cash Flows**

	MTP* 2020 Three-year Results (Aggregate)	MTP* 2023 Three-year Target (Aggregate)	FY21 Results	FY22 Forecast
Core operating cash flow	219.0	Approx. 240.0-250.0	128.7	113
Core cash flow	56.0	Positive over the six-year period of MTP 2020 and MTP 2023	10.5	(30.0)
FCF	108.0	-	(73.7)	67.0

<sup>\*</sup> Medium-Term Management Plan (MTP)

Note: As of the end of March 31, 2022, in addition to cash in bank of ¥282.5 bn, Sojitz maintains a ¥100.0 bn long-term commitment line (which remains unused) and a US\$2.025 bn long-term commitment line (of which US\$1.42 bn has been used).

## **Commodity Prices and Exchange Rates**

	FY22 Assumption (Annual Avg.)	Latest Data (As of Apr. 25, 2022)
Coking coal*1	US\$280.0/t	US\$465.0/t
Thermal coal*1	US\$160.0/t	US\$372.5/t
Crude oil (Brent)	US\$90.0/bbl	US\$102.3/bbl
Exchange rate*2	¥115.0/US\$	¥128.8/US\$

<sup>\*1</sup> Coal prices are based on standard market prices and therefore differ from the Company's selling prices.

(BN JPY)

#### Impacts of the Russia-Ukraine Conflict on Sojitz's Business

■ Exposure in both countries is as follows (As of March 31, 2022):

Russia ¥ 22.8 billion

Ukraine ¥ 0.1 billion

 $\hbox{*Exposure above then sets net exposure (gross exposure minus insurance coverage and/or other country-risk hedges)}$ 

- $\blacksquare$  Major businesses are automotive-related businesses and the thermal and coking coal trading.
- FY2022 forecast reflects impact of ¥(6.0) billion.

<sup>\*2</sup> Lease liabilities (under current liabilities and non-current liabilities) have been excluded from calculations of net interest-bearing debt.

<sup>\*2</sup> Impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate on earnings: ¥1/US\$ change alters gross profit by approx. ¥0.5 bn annually, profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) by approx. ¥0.3 bn annually, and total equity by approx. ¥1.5 bn annually.