To whom it may concern

Nichimen Corporation President: Toru Hambayashi Securities code: 8004

Nissho Iwai Corporation

President & CEO: Hidetoshi Nishimura

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# Notice with regard to Business Integration by Stock Transfer

Nichimen Corporation (hereinafter, Nichimen) and Nissho Iwai Corporation (hereinafter, Nissho Iwai) have signed a Stock Transfer Agreement for establishing a joint holding company, Nissho Iwai-Nichimen Holdings Corporation (hereinafter, the Holding Company) as of April 1, 2003, by transferring their respective stock to such Holding Company, subject to shareholders' and regulatory approvals, as both companies principally agreed on December 11, 2002.

This press release relates to a proposed Japanese statutory share transfer (the "Share Transfer") to be effected under Japanese law whereby Nichimen Corporation ("Nichimen") and Nissho Iwai Corporation ("Nissho Iwai"), both joint stock corporations organized under the laws of Japan, will become wholly-owned subsidiaries of a newly-formed Japanese corporation (the "Holding Company"). The Share Transfer, information to be distributed in connection with the Share Transfer and the related shareholder vote are subject to Japanese disclosure requirements that are different from those of the United States. Financial statements and financial information included therein, if any, have been prepared in accordance with Japanese accounting standards that may not be comparable to the financial statements or financial information of United States companies.

It may be difficult for you to enforce your rights and any claim you may have arising under the U.S. federal securities laws in respect of the Share Transfer, since Nichimen and Nissho Iwai are, and the Holding Company will be, located in Japan, and some or all of their respective officers and directors may be residents of Japan. You may not be able to sue Nichimen, Nissho Iwai, the Holding Company or their respective officers or directors in a Japanese court for violations of the U.S. securities laws. Finally, it may be difficult to compel Nichimen, Nissho Iwai, the Holding Company and any of their affiliates to subject themselves to a U.S. court's judgment.

You should be aware that Nichimen, Nissho Iwai or the Holding Company may purchase securities otherwise than under the Share Transfer, such as in open market or privately negotiated purchases.

# 1. Objectives of Business Integration by Stock Transfer

Nichimen and Nissho Iwai have agreed, on the basis of an equal partnership, to establish a joint holding company, Nissho Iwai-Nichimen Holdings Corporation, and to integrate the businesses of each company. The objectives of the integration would be to enhance profitability through synergies, strengthen business franchise by pursuing management rationalization and efficiency, and improve financial strength through equity financing, with the aim of developing an innovative and highly functional trading company.

## 2. Outline of Stock Transfer

(1) Schedule

January 29, 2003 February 25, 2003 (tentative) April 1, 2003 (tentative) Meeting of Board of Directors to approve stock transfer Special Shareholders' Meeting for approval of stock transfer Date of stock transfer and registration of the Holding Company

The schedule may be changed in the event of unforeseen circumstances and based on mutual agreement between the two companies.

#### (2) Stock Transfer Ratio

## 1. Share Allotment Ratio

154 Holding Company shares will be allotted in exchange for 1,000 Nichimen shares. 100 Holding Company shares will be allotted in exchange for 1,000 Nissho Iwai shares. The Holding Company will adopt the unit system and one unit shall comprise 100 shares.

#### 2. Evaluation of Stock Transfer Ratio

An analysis of the Stock Transfer Ratio was conducted by Lehman Brothers Japan Inc., the joint advisor to the two companies. Taking the outcome of this analysis into consideration, the two companies had extensive discussions and came to an agreement on the above Stock Transfer Ratio. In order to confirm the fairness of the agreed Stock Transfer Ratio, Nichimen appointed Mitsubishi Securities Co., Ltd. and Nissho Iwai appointed Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. as independent advisers. Subsequently, each company received a fairness opinion on the agreed Stock Transfer Ratio from a financial point of view.

It should be noted that should any changes in material aspects related to various assumptions for the calculations of the agreed Stock Transfer Ratio occur, the Stock Transfer Ratio is subject to change upon further discussions between the two companies.

## 3. Evaluation Method by Third Party Evaluator

The third party evaluators (Mitsubishi Securities Co., Ltd. and Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.) analyzed and evaluated the Stock Transfer Ratio based on a historical stock price analysis, a discount cash flow analysis (DCF) and a comparable company analysis.

# (3) Stock Transfer Delivery Consideration

The Holding Company will not pay any consideration for a stock transfer delivery.

## (4) Listing of the Holding Company

The Holding Company's shares are expected to be listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Osaka Securities Exchange. The listing is scheduled to be on April 1, 2003, but the date may change subject to the regulations of each stock exchange.

In relation with the stock transfer to the Holding Company, the common stock of Nichimen and Nissho Iwai, which are currently listed on the Tokyo, Osaka, and Nagoya stock exchanges, will be de-listed as of March 26, 2003. The Depositary Receipts of Nissho Iwai, which are listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange, are scheduled to be delisted on the same day.

# (5) Outline of the partners (consolidated basis) (as of September 30, 2002)

		Nichiman Composition		Nissho Iwai Corporation		
Company		Nichimen Corporation		*		
Business category		General trading company		General trading company		
Establishment		November 10, 1892		February 8, 1928		
Headquarter	S	2-2-2 Nakanoshima , Kita-ku, Osaka		2-5-8 Imabashi, Chuo-ku, Osaka		
Representati	ve	President		President & CEO		
		Toru Hambayashi		Hidetoshi Nishimura		
Capital stock		Yen 52,179 million Yen 102,938		Yen 102,938 million		
	hares of common	428,776,581 shares		874,174,902 shares		
stock issued						
Shareholders	s' equity	Yen 77,104 million		Yen 85,252 million		
Total assets				Yen 2,663,546 million		
Accounting		March		March		
	Consolidated	7,695		17,466		
Number of	basis			17,400		
employees	Non-			2,321		
employees	consolidated		1,221			
	basis					
		Extensive range of customers and		Extensive range of customers and		
Major busing	ess connections	suppliers both domestic and		suppliers both domestic and overseas, mainly for trade, export and import		
Wajor busin	ess connections	overseas, mainly for trade, export				
		and import				
		UFJ Bank Limited 4.42% The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd. 3.60% Daido Life Insurance Company		UFJ Bank Limited 4.51% Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.		
				4.01%		
Major sharel	nolders &			The Daiwa Bank, Ltd. 3.83%		
Ownership		3.35%		Kobe Steel, Ltd. 2.85%		
		The Tokio Marine and Fire		Nipponkoa Insurance Co., Ltd.		
		Insurance Co., Ltd. 3.06% The Daiwa Bank, Ltd. 2.83%		2.74%		
Main banks		UFJ Bank Limited The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd.		UFJ Bank Limited		
				Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.		
				The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd.		
Relationships between the two companies		Capital	None			
		Personnel	None			
		Business	None			

Financial results for the last three fiscal years

(Millions of Yen)

Company	Nich	imen Corpor	ation	Nissho Iwai Corporation		ration
Period	FY1999	FY2000	FY2001	FY1999	FY2000	FY2001
Net sales (total trading transactions)	2,861,907	2,419,340	2,055,240	7,281,304	6,474,402	5,464,524
Operating profit	20,545	23,079	33,054	49,088	62,253	49,460
Recurring profit	23,352	17,402	26,788	32,053	39,063	33,233
Net income	2,936	-21,142	1,340	10,220	20,041	1,183
Net income per share (yen)	7.03	-50.62	3.21	11.69	22.92	1.35
Dividend per share (yen)	2.50	-	-	-	-	-
Shareholders' equity per share (yen)	308.36	212.20	195.05	208.65	137.55	122.06

# 3. Effects of Business Integration

- (1) Complementary Effect
- < Maintaining and Stabilizing Profitability >
- Little overlap in business areas and customers will enable the two companies to maintain respective profitability even after the integration.
- The strength of the business segments of the two companies complement each other. This shall lead to an optimal business portfolio after integration, further stabilizing combined profitability.

#### (2) Rationalization Effect

< Significant Reduction in Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (SG&A) >

- Reduction in SG&A by approximately 110 billion yen by the end of FY2005 through elimination of overlapping subsidiaries, and domestic and overseas networks, rationalizing administrative

organizations and restructuring businesses, with the aim of improving profitability.

Rationalization measures	Actual effects (In FY2005 compared to FY2002)
Total reduction in SG&A expenses (Effect of reorganization of subsidiaries included)	113 billion yen
Total rationalization effect	67 billion yen
Restructuring of overlapping administrative organizations, integration and liquidation of domestic & overseas bases, integration of sales divisions and subsidiaries, etc.	12 billion yen
Restructuring and reorganizing businesses on a non-consolidated basis; Restructuring and reorganizing businesses of subsidiaries (other than those described above)	22 billion yen
Reducing personnel and material expenses	29 billion yen
Others (integration of main systems, sharing of common Infrastructure and assets, etc.)	4 billion yen
Reorganization of subsidiaries	46 billion yen

## (3) Synergetic Effect

- < Boost in Profitability through the Creation of Innovative Trading Businesses >
- Combine the upstream strengths of Nissho Iwai with the downstream strengths of Nichimen to enable an optimal utilization of the mutual customer channels and product groups, creating a thorough supply and distribution system. Also, identify customer needs and create innovative trading businesses by integrating and harmonizing business functions.
- Build-up new businesses and pursue synergistic effects by leveraging competitively strong business segments and collaborating in such segments.

# 4. Outline of Holding Company

(1) Name Nissho Iwai-Nichimen Holdings Corporation

(2) Headquarters 4-1-23 Shiba, Minato-ku, Tokyo

(3) Directors and Auditors (candidate)

Breetors and raditors (candidate)		
Title	Name	Current Title
Chairman and Representative Director,	Toru Hambayashi	President
Co-CEO		of Nichimen Corporation
President and Representative Director,	Hidetoshi Nishimura	President
Co-CEO		of Nissho Iwai Corporation
Director	Masaki Hashikawa	Senior Executive Officer
		of UFJ Bank, Ltd.
Director	Hiroshi Takeda	Senior Managing Director
		of Nichimen Corporation
Director	Kenichi Minami	Managing Executive Officer
		of Nissho Iwai Corporation
Director	Katsuhiko Kobayashi	Managing Director
		of Lehman Brothers Japan Inc.
Full-time Auditor	Shun-ichi Nakao	Full-time Auditor
		of Nichimen Corporation
Full-time Auditor	Toma Masaoka	Full-time Auditor
		of Nissho Iwai Corporation
Auditor	Teruo Nakamura	President
		of Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd.
Auditor	Masaji Shinagawa	Auditor
		of Nissho Iwai Corporation

(4) Number of Staff(5) Capital StockApproximately 5010 billion yen

(6) Number of Shares to be Issued 154,358,166 shares (1 unit =100 shares)

(7) Accounting Year-end March

(8) Accounting Auditor (candidate) Shin Nihon & Co., Asahi & Co.

(9) Listing of Shares (tentative) Tokyo Stock Exchange, Osaka Securities Exchange

## (10) Function

- Optimize effects of the business integration through planning, operating and administrating the entire Group, define each subsidiary's authority and responsibility, and provide overall Group governance.
- Devise and execute Group restructuring strategies in order to spur profit growth and achieve the integration effects in a timely manner utilizing management resources.

# (11) Corporate Governance

- Invite outside directors to the corporate board at the Shareholders' Meeting after the establishment of the Holding Company in order to create a transparent and accountable corporate governance system.
- Establish a Nomination Committee and a Remuneration Committee, each chaired by an outside director.
- Introduce an Executive Officer system, and separate the functions of directors and Executive Officers, with the Board of Directors overseeing management and the Executive Officers' Meeting in charge of business execution.
- The Executive Officers' Meeting will be entitled to exercise strong leadership as the chief decision-making organization for business execution.
- In order to reflect management's decisions promptly, the Executive Officers' Meeting comprises Executive Officers who also serve as directors and Executive Officers controlling all the sales divisions of the Holding Company's subsidiaries (Nichimen, Nissho Iwai).

## 5. Management Vision for Nissho Iwai-Nichimen Group

The Management Vision of the Nissho Iwai-Nichimen Group entails the followings:

- Establish a multi-faceted business, which has both top-tier competitiveness and strong earning power in specific industries and markets, by continuously pursuing profitability and growth in core business areas.
- Establish an innovative trading company, to actively respond to environmental changes and market globalization, and continuously develop new business fields through entrepreneurship.
- Establish a functional trading company, to understand multiple customer needs and provide sophisticated, tailor-made services as a customer's business partner.
- Establish an open company, where each employee is given a chance to realize his or her own personal goals and ambitions.

# 6. Outline of Nissho Iwai-Nichimen Group Business Plan

#### (1) Fundamental Policy

Improvement in Profitability

- Rationalization should contribute to stable recurring profit in excess of 100 billion yen in FY2005 and thereafter.
- Effective combination of product groups and business functions will maximize synergies.

## Reinforcement of Financial Strength

Net interest-bearing debt to equity ratio should decrease to 5 or less by the end of FY2005 as a result of increases in shareholders' equity through retaining earnings and equity financing and further debt reduction.

#### (2) Term

3 Year Plan (starting from April 1, 2003 to March 31, 2006)

#### (3) Strategic Fields

The following strategic business fields are selected based on growth potential, profitability and synergetic effects aiming to improve profitability by leveraging each company's strengths and characteristics, and further reinforcing and differentiating those strengths and characteristics.

## < Functional Trading Field >

Business fields, achieving profit growth by providing markets and clients with more competitive goods and services through utilizing and developing strong sales bases and distribution channels.

- Energy Resources (Oil, Gas etc.)
- Automobile related businesses
- Space Aviation
- Electronics & Telecommunications
- Household & Consumer Products (Chemicals & Plastics, Foodstuffs, Textiles,

General Merchandise & Retail, Forest Products)

# < Strategic Project Field >

Business fields, achieving profit growth by allocating management resources based on strategic investment policy and active risk management policy utilizing know-how and experience, which were accumulated through domestic and global projects.

- Energy Resources (Energy related projects)
- Information Industries
- Household & Consumer Products (Construction & Urban Development)

Allocate approximately 300 billion yen of new funds over 3 years for those fields, to further strengthen business franchise and to create a business portfolio which generates stable profits.

#### (4) Core Regions

- High growth regions including South-East Asia, China and the world's largest market, NAFTA

## (5) Integration Plan (on a consolidated basis)

From Year 1 of the integration, the Holding Company plans to select and focus on its core businesses as well as cost reduction through rationalization. In the process, it expects a one-off restructuring cost resulting in a net loss in the first fiscal year, ending March 2004. From Year 2 onwards, profitability will improve and the Holding Company expects net income in the final year to reach 70 billion yen.

Business Plan				
Billions of Yen	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	As a reference Nichimen/ Nissho Iwai combined FY2002 (*)
Net Sales	5,770	6,100	6,260	6,520.0
Gross trading profit	287	285	293	340.0
SG&A expenses	-215	-175	-169	-281.5
Operating profit	72	110	124	58.5
Recurring profit	48	85	101	31.0
Extraordinary profit/loss-net	-60	-10	-7	-105.0
Net income/loss	-29	50	70	-111.0
ROA		1.6%	2.3%	
ROE		19.6%	22.2%	
Assets	3,140	3,040	3,070	3,220.0
Cash on hand and in banks	310	310	310	230.0
Operating assets	1,200	1,200	1,220	1,330.0
Investments and Loans	890	850	880	860.0
Fixed assets	740	680	660	800.0
Liabilities	2,910	2,760	2,720	3,161.0
Operating liabilities	655	660	660	766.0
Interest-bearing debt	2,255	2,100	2,060	2,395.0
Shareholders' equity	230	280	350	59.0
Total of liabilities and shareholders' equity	3,140	3,040	3,070	3,220.0
Net interest-bearing debt	1,945	1,790	1,750	2,165.0
Net DER (Multiple)	8.5	6.4	5.0	36.7

<sup>\*</sup> Notes

2) The above business plan includes earnings forecasts of certain subsidiaries to be newly consolidated by the Holding Company.

#### **Inquiries:**

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<sup>1)</sup> On January 29, 2003, Nichimen and Nissho Iwai revised their earning forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2003, respectively. In order to realize the effect of business integration at an early stage, they plan to conduct strict asset assessments.