

Summary of Consolidated Financial Results

October 27, 2005

for the Six-month Period Ended September 30, 2005

Sojitz Corporation (Former Sojitz Holdings Corporation)

(URL <http://www.sojitz.com>)

Listed stock exchange : The first sections of Tokyo and Osaka

Headquarters : Tokyo

Securities Code : 2768

Company Representative : Akio Dobashi, President & CEO

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1. Consolidated Financial Results for the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005

(1) Consolidated Operating Results

(Rounded to millions of Japanese Yen)

| | Net Sales | | Operating Income | | Recurring Profit | | Net Income | |
|---|-----------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|-----------------|---|
| | Millions of Yen | % | Millions of Yen | % | Millions of Yen | % | Millions of Yen | % |
| For the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005 | 2,354,027 | 4.4 | 37,889 | 15.1 | 42,622 | 65.4 | 25,908 | - |
| ended September 30, 2004 | 2,254,215 | 25.4 | 32,934 | 23.8 | 25,762 | 35.1 | 241,071 | - |
| (Ref) FY 2004 | 4,675,903 | | 65,521 | | 58,088 | | 412,475 | |

| | EPS | Adjusted EPS |
|---|---------|--------------|
| | Yen | Yen |
| For the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005 | 89.61 | 74.49 |
| ended September 30, 2004 | 1119.40 | - |
| (Ref) FY 2004 | 1876.48 | - |

Notes:

- Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliate during the period: (Millions of Yen)
Current interim period : 11,911 Preceding interim period : 6,083 Last fiscal year : 10,741
- Average number of outstanding shares during the period:
Current interim period : 289,138,950 Preceding interim period : 215,358,386 Last fiscal year : 219,825,798
- Changes in accounting policies during the period: Yes
- Percentage indicate changes in net sales, operating income, recurring profit and net income are compared with preceding interim period.

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

| | Total Assets | Shareholders' Equity | Shareholders' Equity Ratio | BPS |
|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| | Millions of Yen | Millions of Yen | % | Yen |
| As of September 30, 2005 | 2,505,214 | 396,540 | 15.8 | 547.00 |
| September 30, 2004 | 2,703,954 | 61,688 | 2.3 | 947.63 |
| March 31, 2005 | 2,448,478 | 280,241 | 11.4 | 1,440.26 |

Notes:

- Number of outstanding shares at the end of the period (Common Stock):
Current interim period : 401,205,565 Preceding interim period : 215,602,089 Last fiscal year : 240,066,694
- Number of outstanding shares at the end of the period (Preferred Stock):
Current fiscal year : 165,825,000 Preceding interim period : 133,000,000 Last fiscal year : 166,825,000

(3) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

| | Operating Activities | Investing Activities | Financing Activities | Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end of the Period |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Millions of Yen | Millions of Yen | Millions of Yen | Millions of Yen |
| For the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005 | 11,264 | 48,300 | 24,982 | 475,947 |
| ended September 30, 2004 | 47,369 | 66,023 | 129,933 | 290,013 |
| (Ref) FY 2004 | 19,774 | 241,109 | 212,264 | 409,266 |

(4) Number of consolidated subsidiaries and companies accounted for by the equity method

Consolidated subsidiaries : 324

Unconsolidated subsidiaries (accounted for by the equity method) : 10

Unconsolidated affiliates (accounted for by the equity method) : 182

(5) Increase/Decrease in the number of consolidated subsidiaries

Consolidated subsidiaries : (Increase) 7 companies (Decrease) 12 companies

Affiliated companies accounted for by the equity method : (Increase) 13 companies (Decrease) 9 companies

(6) Consolidated Earnings Forecast for the Fiscal Year Ending March 2006 (April 1, 2005-March 31, 2006)

| | Net Sales | Recurring Profit | Net Income |
|---|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | Millions of Yen | Millions of Yen | Millions of Yen |
| For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2006 | 4,900,000 | 74,000 | 38,000 |

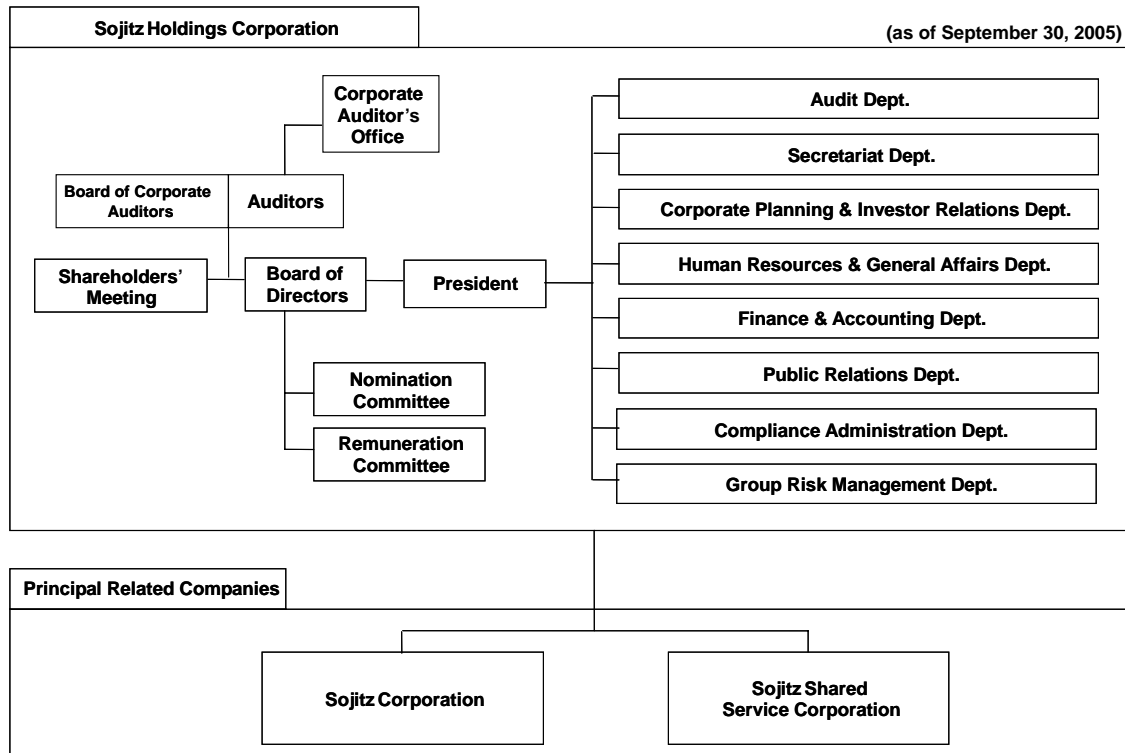
(Ref) Forecast of Net income per share for the year ending March 31, 2006 : 110.09 Yen

Status of the Corporate Group

Sojitz Holdings Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Company" or "Sojitz Holdings") was established on April 1, 2003 from the former Nichimen Corporation and the former Nissho Iwai Corporation, as a holding company established through an exchange of stock under Article 364 of the Commercial Code. Sojitz Holdings manages and supervises the operations of subsidiary companies and conducts related business.

With Sojitz Corporation at its core, the Sojitz Group operates as a general trading company engaged in the buying and selling of goods, as well as import and export. Its business interests extend to a wide variety of concerns throughout the world, including support for the manufacture, sale and service of an array of goods in Japan and overseas, responsibility for the planning, management and coordination of diverse projects, and financial support and investment in an assortment of business fields.

The Sojitz Group is comprised of 416 subsidiaries, and 209 affiliates for a total of 625 companies (of which, 516 are included in the scope of consolidation). The management structure and principal related companies are as follows:



Note: The former Sojitz Holdings Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiary, the former Sojitz Corporation, merged on October 1, 2005, heralding the birth of the new Sojitz Corporation.

Group Management Policy

1. Merger with Sojitz Corporation

Since its establishment in April 2003, Sojitz Holdings Corporation, as the holding company of the Sojitz Group, has worked to promote business integration and implemented a comprehensive rationalization plan. At the same time, Sojitz Holdings has accelerated various selection and focus initiatives, successfully establishing a robust asset portfolio, and taken concrete measures to reinforce the corporate governance function.

In the second year of the Sojitz Group's New Business Plan, announced in September 2004, Sojitz Holdings is endeavoring to further streamline the Group's management framework, promote efficiency and accelerate the decision-making process. To this end, Sojitz Holdings merged with its principal operating arm and wholly owned subsidiary, Sojitz Corporation, on October 1, 2005. The Company changed its name to Sojitz Corporation. (Hereinafter "Sojitz" or "the Company" refers to the former Sojitz Holdings in matters concerning performance through September 30, 2005, and the post-merger Sojitz Corporation in ongoing matters).

2. The Sojitz Group's Statement and Slogan

In concert with the establishment of a newly merged company, the Sojitz Group formulated its Group Statement and Slogan.

Sojitz Group Statement

The Sojitz Group produces new sources of wealth by connecting the world's economies, cultures and people in a spirit of integrity.

The Sojitz Group Statement clarifies the Group's role in society, its raison d'être and management stance toward the global community it serves. Dedicated to a spirit of integrity, the Sojitz Group contributes to a prosperous society through the ongoing development of its global businesses.

Sojitz Group Slogan

New way, New value

In order to express in simple terms the Company's intention and posture toward society, the Sojitz Group has also formulated its Group Slogan with the aim of improving communication

with society. This slogan is a proclamation of the determination of all members of the Sojitz Group to think with an unprecedented freedom of imagination, offer new proposals to customers and create new value in society.

3. Fundamental Policy

The fundamental policy set forth in the New Business Plan is to enhance corporate value by establishing a robust financial position and evolving toward a quality earnings structure, as well as building a solid business foundation that is unaffected by external conditions, and quickly restoring market confidence.

The New Business Plan runs for three years starting in FY2004 (FYE March 2005). By its completion, Sojitz will have established itself as an innovative and function-oriented trading company that can provide unique value-added services in its competitive business areas. The shape that the Group aspires to develop and the beliefs it shares are built into the following Management Vision.

Group Management Vision

- To establish a multi-faceted business, which has both top-tier competitiveness and strong earnings power in specific industries and markets, by continuously pursuing profitability and growth in core business areas
- To nurture an innovative trading company, by actively responding to environmental changes and market globalization, and continuously developing new business fields through entrepreneurship
- To build a function-oriented trading company, by fully grasping and anticipating various client needs and providing sophisticated, tailor-made services as a client's business partner
- To become a flexible company, open to new ideas, where each employee can pursue challenges and explore opportunities to realize his or her own personal goals and ambitions.

4. Basic Policy on Dividends

Sojitz has positioned the stable payment of dividends to shareholders, steady increase in shareholder value, and adequate retained earnings to ensure competitiveness as key issues for management. The dividend payout ratio shall be determined subject to full consideration of the Company's capital base, profit growth, and the demand for investment funds and working capital.

Furthermore, the Sojitz Group is committed to achieving optimal balance among efforts to

improve its financial position, reinforce its management foundation, and ensure adequate retained earnings. Working to secure accumulated profits, the Sojitz Group will work tirelessly toward the payment of dividends from the fiscal year ending March 31, 2007.

5. Outline and Progress Under the New Business Plan

(1) Basic Objectives of the New Business Plan

Under its New Business Plan, the Sojitz Group is taking significant strides toward establishing a robust financial position and evolving toward a quality earnings structure with the aim of enhancing corporate value.

1. Establishing a Robust Financial Position

(Comprehensive Review of the Asset Portfolio)

In specific terms, the Group rationalized assets to the tune of ¥620 billion, wrote-off approximately ¥430 billion, and generated positive cash flows of ¥150 billion. Accordingly, Sojitz took steps to immediately restore asset quality and was successful in achieving its primary objective in the first year of the New Business Plan.

2. Evolving Toward a Quality Earnings Structure

(Promoting the Selection and Focus Initiative and Reinforcing SCVA, the Sojitz Group's Risk/Return Management Indicator)

Sojitz introduced Sojitz Corporation Value Added (SCVA), a proprietary, common management indicator utilized throughout the Group as a tool to analyze current value creation and the future potential for each business unit in terms of business risk. SCVA is being applied as an indicator that helps promote the Group's selection and focus initiative. Accordingly, Sojitz is committed to the comprehensive disposal of all businesses that fail to generate economic value added. From a forward-looking perspective, the Sojitz Group is allocating management resources including funding to existing businesses with the aim of expanding business activities. The Group is also proactively investing in new businesses and aggressively pursuing M&A as a source of business growth. In the future, the Sojitz Group will work to enhance SCVA and evolve toward a quality earnings structure by adopting the following three-point business portfolio review process:

1. Allocate resources to growth areas
2. Select and withdraw from low-profit businesses, and
3. Continuously enhance SCVA by strengthening the business portfolio and improving risk management.

(2) Financial Targets of the New Business Plan

The following are our consolidated financial targets for the last year of the New Business Plan, coinciding with the fiscal year ending March 31, 2007:

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Recurring profit: | ¥75.0 billion |
| Net DER: | Approx. 3 times (net interest-bearing debt level of ¥1 trillion) |
| Credit rating: | BBB or above |

(3) Progress under the New Business Plan

Numerical targets for the first year of the New Business Plan and results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 are as follows:

(Billions of yen unless otherwise stated)

| | Numerical Targets | Fiscal 2004 Results | Percentage Achieved |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Recurring profit | 50.0 | 58.1 | 116% |
| Net interest-bearing debt | 1,110.0 | 1,002.3 | 124% |
| Net DER (times) | 3.8 | 3.6 | 113% |

Results for the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2006, the second year of the New Business Plan, exceeded the Company's initial numerical targets. This was the result of successful efforts to reduce selling, general and administrative expenses and the strong performance by equity-method affiliates. As a result, Sojitz revised its interim and full-year forecasts at the time of the Company's announcement of its first quarter results on July 28, 2005.

(Billions of yen)

| | Initial Forecasts (Announced on April 28, 2005) | | Revised Forecasts (Announced on July 28, 2005) | |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------|--|-----------|
| | Interim | Full-Year | Interim | Full-Year |
| Consolidated recurring profit | 29.0 | 65.0 | 38.0 | 74.0 |
| Consolidated net income | 15.0 | 35.0 | 25.0 | 38.0 |

Results for the interim period ended September 30, 2005 and rates of achievement against initial and revised forecasts are as follows:

(Billions of yen unless otherwise stated)

| | Results | Percentage Achieved (Initial Forecast) | Percentage Achieved (Revised Forecast) |
|---------------------------|---------|---|---|
| Recurring profit | 42.6 | 65.57% | 57.60% |
| Net interest-bearing debt | 918.9 | | |
| Net DER (times) | 2.32 | | |

6. Restructuring Shareholders' Equity

(1) Implementing Measure to Reclassify Shareholders' Equity

Based on its New Business Plan and in order to create a robust asset portfolio, the Company reported a consolidated deficit of ¥492 billion for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. At the same time, Sojitz offset this deficit with a partial reversal of the capital reserve and a reduction in capital. As a result of this reclassification, there was no change in the Company's shareholders' equity.

(2) Approach to Previously Issued Preferred Stock

In connection with preferred stock issued by the Company, the 1st Series Class I Preferred Stock totaling ¥52.6 billion will enter its conversion period from May 2006. In this context, the Company issued convertible bonds totaling ¥60.0 billion and established a stock repurchase program. Accordingly, Sojitz plans to repurchase and cancel the preferred stock, a total issue amount of ¥40.0 billion, on January 13, 2006, within the scope of the increase in shareholders' equity, in line with the conversion of bonds.

In connection with previously issued preferred stock with conversion periods commencing May 2008, the Company is considering repurchase and cancellation as well as accumulating retained earnings after dividend payments. These initiatives are designed to mitigate a dilution of the stock value and reduction in shareholders' equity, and to accelerate improvement of its capital structure. After considering the aforementioned, specific measures to be adopted will depend on prevailing conditions and identification of the best option.

| | Common Stock Issued and Outstanding | Preferred Stock Issued and Outstanding | Total Stock Issued and Outstanding | Common and Preferred Stock (Yen) | Shareholders' Equity (Yen) |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Mar. 31, 2005 | 240,246,254 | 166,825,000 | 407,071,254 | 336,122,742,706 | 280,246,000,000 |
| Apr. 30, 2005 | 240,246,254 | 166,825,000 | 407,071,254 | 336,122,742,706 | |
| May 31, 2005 | 247,184,274 | 166,525,000 | 413,709,274 | 336,122,742,706 | |
| Jun. 30, 2005 | 261,121,556 | 166,525,000 | 427,646,556 | 339,133,195,618 | |
| Jul. 31, 2005 | 294,230,314 | 166,525,000 | 460,755,314 | 110,019,629,650 | |
| Aug. 31, 2005 | 389,317,742 | 165,825,000 | 555,142,742 | 127,041,369,463 | |
| Sep. 30 2005 | 401,399,900 | 165,825,000 | 567,224,900 | 130,049,826,805 | 340,596,000,000 |

| | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Contract Amount Jan. 2006 | (20,000,000) | |
| Jan. 31, 2005 (Planned) | 145,825,000 | 547,224,900 |

| | Preferred Stock Issued and Outstanding | | | | | | Total |
|---------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | 1 st Series | 2 nd Series | 3 rd Series | 4 th Series | 5 th Series | 6 th Series | |
| Mar. 31, 2005 | 105,200,000 | 26,300,000 | 1,500,000 | 19,950,000 | 12,875,000 | 1,000,000 | 166,825,000 |
| Apr. 30, 2005 | 105,200,000 | 26,300,000 | 1,500,000 | 19,950,000 | 12,875,000 | 1,000,000 | 166,825,000 |
| May 31, 2005 | 105,200,000 | 26,300,000 | 1,500,000 | 19,950,000 | 12,875,000 | 700,000 | 166,525,000 |
| Jun. 30, 2005 | 105,200,000 | 26,300,000 | 1,500,000 | 19,950,000 | 12,875,000 | 700,000 | 166,525,000 |
| Jul. 31, 2005 | 105,200,000 | 26,300,000 | 1,500,000 | 19,950,000 | 12,875,000 | 700,000 | 166,525,000 |
| Aug. 31, 2005 | 105,200,000 | 26,300,000 | 1,500,000 | 19,950,000 | 12,875,000 | 0 | 165,825,000 |
| Sep. 30, 2005 | 105,200,000 | 26,300,000 | 1,500,000 | 19,950,000 | 12,875,000 | 0 | 165,825,000 |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|-------------|
| Contract Amount Jan. 2006 | (20,000,000) | | |
| Jan. 31, 2005 (Planned) | 85,200,000 | | 145,825,000 |

7. Issues to be Addressed

The Sojitz Group continues to recognize the importance of “establishing a robust financial position” and “evolving toward a quality earnings structure” through proactive implementation of its New Business Plan. The Group is also endeavoring to enhance corporate value by establishing a solid business foundation that is unaffected by changes in the external environment, delivering high-value-added products and services that only the Sojitz Group can provide, while accelerating efforts to become an innovative and function-oriented trading company.

Based on the basic policies outlined in its New Business Plan, the Company is working to address the following key issues:

- Reduce business risk, enhance and improve asset quality and liquidity
- Improve capital structure (effective application of preferred stock)
- Secure stable funds procurement
- Restore credibility and establish the Sojitz brand
- Strengthen SCVA management (risk/return business portfolio management)
- Clarify growth strategies.

Sojitz is working to maintain and improve asset quality through the restoration of assets, which is to be accomplished by implementing basic policies such as the improvement of risk

management systems and innovation in supervisory systems, proactive management systems and portfolio management. At the same time, through the activities of the Committee for Avoiding Recurrence of Incident, the construction of an internal controls system and the introduction of measures to reinforce its compliance structure, the Company is endeavoring to establish a more comprehensive risk management structure and to establish a mechanism for minimizing losses.

By withdrawing from low-profit businesses and focusing on businesses in which Sojitz holds a competitive advantage, the Company is transforming its earnings structure and advancing in efforts to upgrade its business portfolio.

In regard to improving capital structure, the Company will repurchase and cancel 1st Series Class I Preferred Stock, as previously mentioned. The Company's fundamental policy is to continue improving its capital structure while maintaining the level of shareholders' equity and mitigating a dilution of the stock value. Sojitz will strive to identify optimal responses to prevailing conditions when formulating specific measures for adoption.

8. Basic Stance on Corporate Governance and Measures Implemented

(1) Basic Stance

Sojitz considers corporate governance to be an important management issue. In order to strengthen corporate governance, the Company strives to clarify management responsibilities and accountability to shareholders and all stakeholders, while establishing a highly transparent management framework. Sojitz aims to improve profitability throughout the entire Group, and to maximize corporate value.

Under the Sojitz Group Statement, Sojitz places top priority on maintaining "a spirit of integrity," and has implemented the following measures in aiming for greater management transparency and improved corporate governance.

(2) Status of Implementation

1. Corporate Governance Structure including the Decision-Making, Executive and Supervisory Functions

a. Overview of Corporate Institutions

Sojitz has adopted the auditing system with the aim of incorporating statutory guidelines that serve to augment the auditing function. At the same time, the Company has appointed outside directors to chair the newly established Nomination and Remuneration Committees. Through these measures, the Company strives to assess the relevance and accuracy of director appointments and remuneration, to enhance the operations of the Board of Directors as a consultative body, and to secure increased transparency.

Sojitz will continue to assess every option in its search for the optimal corporate governance structure in accordance with the New Company Law, which is scheduled to come into force in the next fiscal year.

The Company maintains a Board of Directors comprising nine members, two of whom are appointed from outside the Group. The Board of Directors is the principal decision-making body of the Group and is responsible for considering and determining basic policies and those matters most important to the management of the Group.

The Company's Board of Auditors is comprised of five members, three of whom are outside auditors.

Sojitz has introduced an executive officer system, which, by separating managerial decision-making and business executive functions, serves to clarify authority and responsibilities, and to accelerate decision making and implementation. Moreover, in order to clarify management responsibilities and to respond quickly and appropriately to sudden changes in the business environment, the tenure of directors and executive officers has been set at one year.

Serving as consultative bodies to the Board of Directors, the Company has established the Nomination and Remuneration Committees, each comprising three directors, including outside directors installed to chair each committee. The Nomination Committee considers, deliberates and recommends standards and procedures related to the appointment of candidates for director and executive officer positions, in addition to deliberating candidates being considered for appointment. The Remuneration Committee deliberates and makes recommendations concerning the level of director and executive officer remuneration, as well as systems for appraisal and compensation of directors and executive officers.

In connection with compliance, the Sojitz Group established the internal Compliance Administration Department. This department strives to ensure Group executives and employees abide by all domestic and overseas laws and Company regulations, and conduct themselves in an ethical manner in accordance with social norms. To assure that the Sojitz Group strictly observes regulatory requirements and risk management principles, the Company has established a compliance program, a compliance code of conduct and a compliance code of conduct manual. In addition, Sojitz Corporation has created a Compliance Committee and appointed a Chief Compliance Officer (CCO) as its chair. The Compliance Committee reports details of compliance activities to the Board of Directors. Moreover, Sojitz has established a hotline to allow employees direct access to the CCO and legal counsel in an effort to prevent noncompliance of statutory and regulatory requirements by members of the Sojitz Group, and to ensure its early

detection. A Compliance Committee homepage has been established on the Group's Intranet as both an information and education tool. Through such efforts, the Company is working to strengthen compliance throughout the entire Group.

b. Internal Controls Systems

In the execution of the Company's business operations, Sojitz has established an internal controls system to ensure compliance with all statutory and regulatory requirements and related in-house rules, and optimal efficacy and efficiency. This internal controls system is driven by Sojitz Corporation's Group Risk Management, Compliance Administration, Accounting, and Corporate Planning Departments, and is audited by the Company's Audit Department.

With the aims of assuring the effectiveness of the Group's operating process, and constructing a regulated internal environment, Sojitz established an Internal Control Administration Office as of October 1, 2005, endeavoring to upgrade the Company's internal controls system.

In addition, the Company will set up an Internal Control Committee chaired by the President in November 2005, which formulates policies related to internal control and monitors the state of progress in structural development.

c. Risk Management Structure

The Sojitz Group is engaged in a wide range of activities on a global scale, and regularly faces varied risks, including credit-related risks, market-related risks, business investment risks, and country risks. The Company considers proper understanding of such risks and construction of a risk management structure to be an important issue, and is undertaking the following four reforms with the aim of strengthening and enhancing its comprehensive risk management structure.

Improvement of risk management systems

While expanding the number of personnel in the Group Risk Management Department, Sojitz has established a Risk Management Planning Office, and is advancing with efforts to improve risk management systems.

One example of these efforts is the clarification of credit-rating assessment items and standards for the establishment of uniform rules for worldwide operations, and the new introduction of highly transparent credit rating systems that have eliminated all arbitrary elements.

Reform of supervisory systems:

The Company has introduced credit approval processes in order to enhance the

scrutiny of risk and to improve screening and risk analysis capacity throughout the Company.

Reform of the monitoring system:

Proper administration and review of completed transactions is another important issue for the Company's risk management, in addition to the initial credit judgment that precedes each transaction. The Company will continue to strengthen its management structure concerning daily credit monitoring and special-asset control, with the aim of minimizing risk and loss.

Portfolio management:

In order to avert the concentration of risk and enhance credit judgment for individual transactions, the Company is promoting the introduction of portfolio management centered on integrated risk management. The results of risk measurement will be utilized for the SCVA indicator, which measures risk against return, to promote the continued evolution to a quality earnings structure.

The Company assigns country ratings based upon evaluations by third-party institutions. In addition, the Company has established "country exposure limits" that reflect the scale of each country's economy, and control exposure between countries with low ratings and countries identified as "priority management countries."

Through the implementation of the above four reforms, the Company is working to establish more comprehensive risk management structure and to achieve a mechanism for minimizing losses.

d. Status of Internal Audits, Auditors' Audits, and Account Audits

Auditors' audit

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Organization: | Board of Corporate Auditors |
| Members: | The Board of Corporate Auditors is comprised of five members, three of whom are appointed externally. Of the five-member board, three are standing auditors and two are non-executive positions. One standing auditor is appointed from outside the company. |

Audit procedures

- In accordance with established auditing policy, the audit execution plan and administrative responsibilities, the Board of Corporate Auditors conducts audits, supervises and oversees management utilizing methods that include attending meetings of the Board of Directors, management, the Investment and Finance, and other committees, interviewing directors and other officers concerning the nature and status of executive functions, reviewing important approval documents, and

requesting business reports from subsidiaries.

- To enhance auditors' audit function, the Company has established the Corporate Auditors' Office, an organization provided specifically in support of the Board of Corporate Auditors. The Corporate Auditors' Office is staffed by three qualified full-time members.

Accounting audit

Pursuant to the Commercial Code of Japan and the Securities Exchange Law, the Company has commissioned Ernst & Young ShinNihon and KPMG AZSA to conduct joint audits. The Certified Public Accountants responsible for conducting an accounting audit of the Company for the first half of fiscal 2005, the fiscal year ending March 31, 2006, were as follows:

| Name of Certified Public Accountant | Affiliated Auditing Company |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Fumio Konishi | Ernst & Young ShinNihon |
| Hiroyuki Okuyama | Ernst & Young ShinNihon |
| Toshinari Takeno | Ernst & Young ShinNihon |
| Shouji Tomiyama | KPMG AZSA |
| Naoto Yokoi | KPMG AZSA |
| Junji Ono | KPMG AZSA |

Internal audits

Organization: Audit Department

Members: The Audit Department is comprised of 18 members.

Audit procedures:

- In accordance with the Audit Plan approved at the start of each fiscal year by the Board of Directors, the Audit Department conducts biennial audits of the Company's operating departments and finance departments, as well as consolidated subsidiaries and the four principal Overseas Subsidiaries in the United States, Europe, Asia and China. In addition, the Audit Department has also conducted annual audits of those departments engaged in futures transactions utilizing hedge and other financial instruments since April 2004.
- The Audit Department works to 1) promote the early detection and efficient improvement of problem areas, 2) prevent the occurrence of losses, and 3) nurture a risk management mindset to ensure sales departments are capable of timely and detailed onsite management of transaction risk through repeated self-inspection. To these ends, the Audit Department has introduced a self-assessment system at sales departments and Group companies, and conducts twice-yearly checks, as well as follow-up work on the status of improvement, based on inspection items that it formulates.
- With compliance, reliable financial reports and the status of risk management as priority items, the audit department monitors the internal controls and corporate governance of departments being audited, submits evaluation and examination reports to top management, and makes proposals for effective improvement aimed

at strengthening systems for managing workplace business practices.

- Following each audit, the Audit Department holds audit reviews for audited departments, department heads, directors in charge of functional departments, and auditors. Reports are also provided to the relevant workplace based on audit records.
- The Audit Department submits summary reports to top management and holds monthly audit report briefings, at which it directly reports to top management. In order to enable audited departments to quickly remedy those items identified during audits as requiring improvement, the Audit Department has these departments submit status-of-improvement reports three months and six months after the audit, and confirms improvement through follow-up audits.

Collaboration Among Independent Auditors, Accounting Auditors, and Internal Auditors:

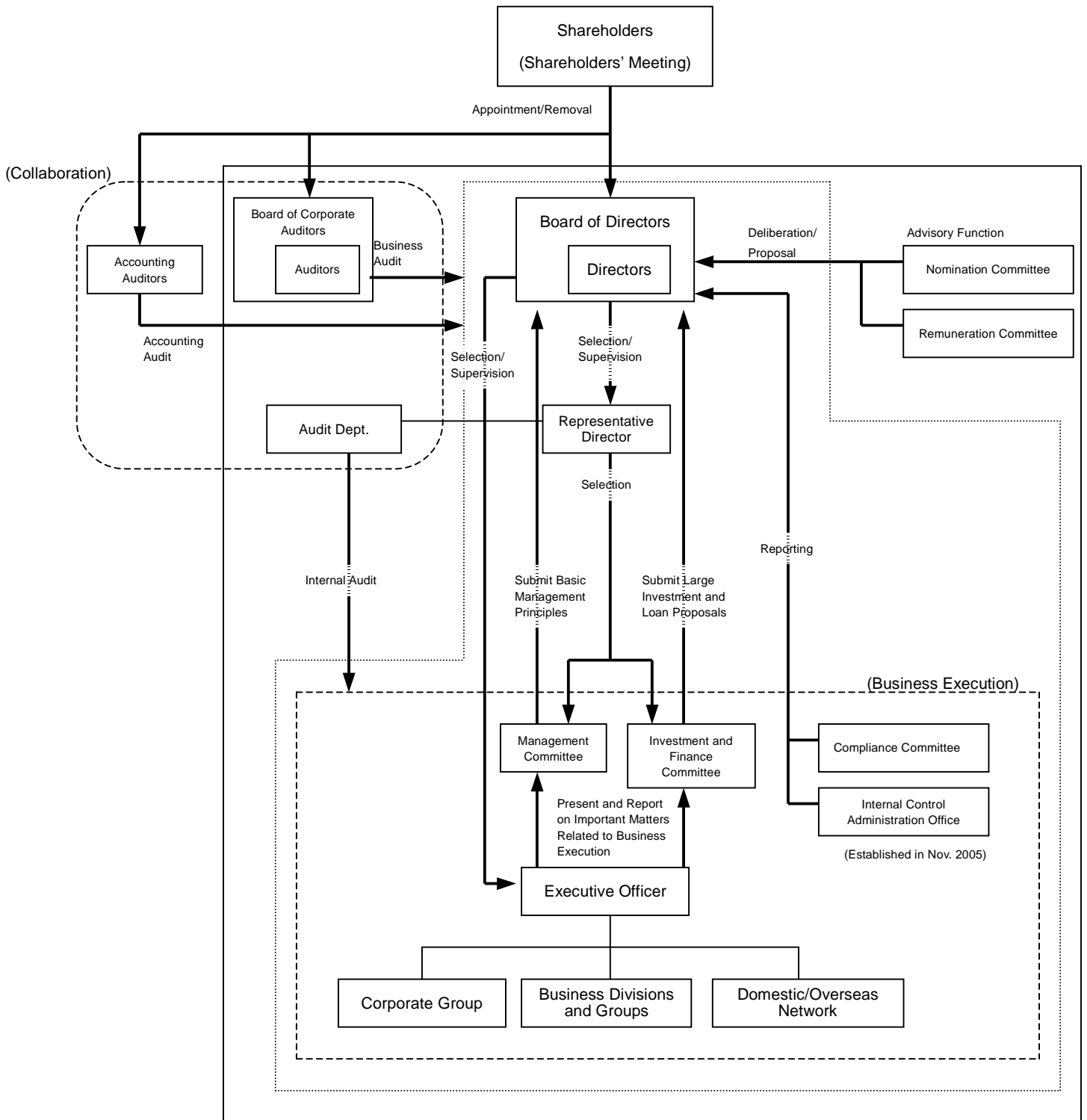
In the implementation of their respective duties, the Company's Audit Department, Accounting Auditors, and Independent Auditors collaborate and exchange information on a regular basis to enhance efficacy and efficiency, to secure mutual benefit, streamline processing, and maximize synergy effects. Specific forms of cooperation include the following:

- Explanation of the fiscal year's audit plan to auditors by the Audit Department
- Attendance by auditors of the Audit Department's audit reviews
- Formulation by auditors of written opinions in connection with the Audit Department's audits
- Provision to auditors by the Audit Department of copies of audit reports submitted to top management
- Explanation of the status of internal audits on a twice-yearly basis to the Board of Auditors by the Audit Department
- Provision to the Audit Department by auditors of data
- Requests to the Audit Department by auditors for surveys.

In addition, specific forms of cooperation with accounting auditors include the following:

- Implementation of regular briefings to the Board of Auditors by accounting auditors
- Exchange of opinions between accounting auditors and the Audit Department in connection with internal controls
- Mutual provision of accounting audit report and internal audit record copies.

The following is a diagram of workflow and management oversight:



Summary of Personal, Capital, and Business Relationships, and Other Interests Between the Company and its External Directors and Auditors

- There are no such interests between the Company and external director Shigeo Muraoka, and external auditors Shunsaku Yuhata, Masaaki Ishida and Kazuo Hoshino.
- External auditor Kazuo Hoshino is a director and Chairman of Nisshin Steel Co., Ltd. Nisshin Steel and the Company maintain business relationships.

2. Status of Measures Taken in the Six-Month Period Ended September 30, 2005 to Enhance the Company's Corporate Governance

- Remuneration Committee
 - Number of meetings: Two
 - Attendance: All members attended every meeting.
 - Activities and results: Deliberated and proposed structure of compensation packages and evaluation methods for directors and executive officers
- Nomination Committee
 - Number of meetings: One
 - Attendance: All members attended.
 - Activities and results: Deliberated the suitability of proposed candidates for director and executive officer
- Compliance Committee
 - Number of meetings: Five
 - Attendance: All members attended every meeting.
 - Activities and results:
 - * Increased awareness of compliance systems
 - * Implemented a crisis management system
 - Formulated an earthquake disaster manual
 - * Took steps to address the implementation of laws protecting personal information
 - Formulated regulations for protecting personal information
 - * Formulated and distributed standards for compliance behavior
 - * Distributed Compliance Committee cards

Consolidated Statements of Income
for the six-month period ended September 30, 2005

Millions of yen

| | Six-month Period | Percentage | Six-month Period | Percentage | Difference | |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|
| | ended September 30, 2005 | of Net sales (%) | ended September 30, 2004 | of Net sales (%) | Amount | Percentage |
| Net sales | 2,354,027 | 100.00 | 2,254,215 | 100.00 | 99,812 | 4.43 |
| Cost of sales | (2,235,356) (| 94.96) | (2,134,498) (| 94.69) | (100,858) | 4.73 |
| Gross trading profit | 118,670 | 5.04 | 119,717 | 5.31 | (1,047) | (0.87) |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | (80,771) (| 3.43) | (86,783) (| 3.85) | 6,012 | (6.93) |
| Operating income | 37,899 | 1.61 | 32,934 | 1.46 | 4,965 | 15.08 |
| Interest income | 6,305 | 0.27 | 9,181 | 0.40 | (2,876) | (31.33) |
| Dividend income | 4,427 | 0.19 | 1,479 | 0.07 | 2,948 | 199.32 |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates-net | 11,911 | 0.51 | 6,083 | 0.27 | 5,828 | 95.81 |
| Other income | 11,841 | 0.49 | 6,935 | 0.31 | 4,906 | 70.74 |
| Non-operating income | 34,485 | 1.46 | 23,679 | 1.05 | 10,806 | 45.64 |
| Interest expense | (18,514) (| 0.79) | (23,890) (| 1.06) | 5,376 | (22.50) |
| Interest expense on commercial papers | (1,292) (| 0.05) | (1,261) (| 0.06) | (31) | 2.46 |
| Other expense | (9,954) (| 0.42) | (5,699) (| 0.25) | (4,255) | 74.66 |
| Non-operating expense | (29,761) (| 1.26) | (30,851) (| 1.37) | 1,090 | (3.53) |
| Recurring profit | 42,622 | 1.81 | 25,762 | 1.14 | 16,860 | 65.45 |
| Extraordinary loss-net | (2,121) (| 0.09) | (245,327) (| 10.88) | 243,206 | (99.14) |
| Income before income taxes | 40,501 (| 1.72) | (219,564) (| 9.74) | 260,065 | - |
| Income taxes; Current | (9,786) (| 0.42) | (5,553) (| 0.25) | (4,233) | 76.23 |
| Deferred | (3,129) (| 0.13) | (13,858) (| 0.61) | 10,729 | (77.42) |
| Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries | (1,678) (| 0.07) | (2,094) (| 0.09) | 416 | (19.87) |
| Net Income (Loss) | 25,908 | 1.10 | (241,071) (| 10.69) | 266,979 | - |

Extraordinary Income and Loss
for the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005

Millions of yen

| | Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005 | Six-monthn Period ended September 30, 2004 | Increase/ Decrease |
|--|---|--|-----------------------|
| Extraordinary Income; | | | |
| Gain on property & equipment | 3,049 | 635 | 2,414 |
| Gain on sale of investment securities | 3,913 | 3,296 | 617 |
| Gain on change holding ratio of subsidiaries | - | 1,026 | (1,026) |
| Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts | 5,271 | - | 5,271 |
| Gain on bad debt recovered | 110 | - | 110 |
| Total extraordinary income | 12,345 | 4,958 | 7,387 |
| Extraordinary Loss; | | | |
| Loss on property & equipment | (843) | (778) | (65) |
| Impairment loss on fixed assets | (1,887) | - | (1,887) |
| Loss on sale of investment securities | (3,201) | (8,894) | 5,693 |
| Evaluation loss on investment securities & investments other than securities | (386) | (13,087) | 12,701 |
| Loss due to reorganization of subsidiaries and affiliates | (5,434) | (46,193) | 40,759 |
| Restructuring loss | (2,713) | (181,332) | 178,619 |
| Total extraordinary loss | (14,466) | (250,286) | 235,820 |
| Extraordinary income/loss, net | (2,121) | (245,327) | 243,206 |

Reference: the following accounts are not included in the above extraordinary items.

| | | | |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Provision for doubtful receivables | (395) | (346) | (49) |
| (Included in Selling, general & administrative expenses) | | | |

Consolidated Balance Sheets

As of September 30, 2005

| Assets | September 30, 2005 | March 31, 2005 | Millions of yen Increase/ Decrease |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
| Current assets; | | | |
| Cash and deposits | 493,642 | 426,082 | 67,560 |
| Trade notes and trade accounts receivables | 606,697 | 618,086 | (11,389) |
| Securities | 8,151 | 7,150 | 1,001 |
| Inventories | 213,876 | 194,694 | 19,182 |
| Short-term loans receivables | 27,793 | 41,000 | (13,207) |
| Deferred tax assets-current | 7,069 | 7,482 | (413) |
| Other current assets | 122,647 | 139,590 | (16,943) |
| Allowance for doubtful receivables | (14,011) | (10,957) | (3,054) |
| Total current assets | 1,465,867 | 1,423,129 | 42,738 |
| Fixed assets; | | | |
| Tangible assets | 249,760 | 246,652 | 3,108 |
| Intangible assets; | 103,518 | 103,850 | (332) |
| Goodwill | 78,417 | 79,989 | (1,572) |
| Other intangible assets | 25,100 | 23,860 | 1,240 |
| Investments and other fixed assets; | 684,712 | 673,924 | 10,788 |
| Investments securities | 443,208 | 409,307 | 33,901 |
| Long-term loans | 92,093 | 102,142 | (10,049) |
| Non-performing receivables | 228,906 | 286,934 | (58,028) |
| Deferred tax assets-non-current | 46,524 | 57,170 | (10,646) |
| Deferred tax assets-revaluation | - | 881 | (881) |
| Others | 55,775 | 54,820 | 955 |
| Allowance for doubtful receivables | (181,796) | (237,332) | 55,536 |
| Total fixed assets | 1,037,990 | 1,024,427 | 13,563 |
| Deferred assets | 1,356 | 921 | 435 |
| Total assets | 2,505,214 | 2,448,478 | 56,736 |

Consolidated Balance Sheets

As of September 30, 2005

Liabilities and shareholders' equity

Millions of yen

| | September 30, 2005 | March 31, 2005 | Increase/ Decrease |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade notes and trade accounts payables | 446,856 | 472,513 | (25,657) |
| Short-term debts | 608,597 | 764,218 | (155,621) |
| Commercial paper | 83,800 | 139,200 | (55,400) |
| Current Portion of Long-term debt | 292,630 | 211,932 | 80,698 |
| Income taxes payable | 9,268 | 7,644 | 1,624 |
| Deferred tax liabilities-current | 764 | 422 | 342 |
| Allowance for bonus payable | 5,011 | 4,234 | 777 |
| Other current liabilities | 129,665 | 154,515 | (24,850) |
| Total current liabilities | 1,576,593 | 1,754,681 | (178,088) |
| Non-current liabilities; | | | |
| Bonds, less current portion | 72,525 | 16,048 | 56,477 |
| Long-term borrowings | 355,013 | 296,927 | 58,086 |
| Deferred tax liabilities -non-current | 9,466 | 7,544 | 1,922 |
| Deferred tax liabilities -revaluation | 401 | - | 401 |
| Allowance for retirement benefits | 27,684 | 29,046 | (1,362) |
| Other non-current liabilities | 30,859 | 30,639 | 220 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 495,950 | 380,206 | 115,744 |
| Total liabilities | 2,072,544 | 2,134,887 | (62,343) |
| Minority Interest in consolidated subsidiaries | 36,129 | 33,349 | 2,780 |
| Shareholders' equity | | | |
| Common and preferred stock | 130,049 | 336,122 | (206,073) |
| Capital surplus | 210,254 | 487,686 | (277,432) |
| Retained earnings | 75,166 | (492,048) | 567,214 |
| Land revaluation difference | (2,682) | (4,869) | 2,187 |
| Net unrealized gains on available-for-sales-securities | 53,157 | 32,629 | 20,528 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (69,310) | (79,193) | 9,883 |
| Treasury stock | (93) | (86) | (7) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 396,540 | 280,241 | 116,299 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | 2,505,214 | 2,448,478 | 56,736 |

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

for the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005

| | Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005 | Six-month Period ended September 30, 2004 | Millions of yen Increase/ Decrease |
|--|---|---|--|
| Operating activities; | | | |
| Gain/loss before income taxes and minority interests | 40,501 | (219,564) | 260,065 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 10,912 | 11,431 | (519) |
| Loss on revaluation of securities | 386 | 13,087 | (12,701) |
| Increase in allowance for doubtful receivables | (53,099) | 141,424 | (194,523) |
| Interest and dividend income | (10,732) | (10,661) | (71) |
| Interest expense | 19,807 | 25,151 | (5,344) |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates | (11,911) | (6,083) | (5,828) |
| Gain on sale of securities | (2,547) | 4,480 | (7,027) |
| Losses on sale and disposal of property & equipment | (2,205) | 143 | (2,348) |
| Increase/decrease in trade receivables | 23,989 | 9,723 | 14,266 |
| Increase/decrease in inventories | (17,165) | 516 | (17,681) |
| Increase/decrease in trade payables | (32,268) | (11,769) | (20,499) |
| Other, net | 23,068 | (5,250) | 28,318 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | (11,264) | (47,369) | 36,105 |
| Investing Activities | | | |
| Increase in time deposit, net | (1,339) | (7,773) | 6,434 |
| Decrease in marketable securities, net | 1,802 | 5,986 | (4,184) |
| Payments for property & equipment | (12,366) | (3,815) | (8,551) |
| Proceeds from sale of property & equipment | 8,764 | 4,271 | 4,493 |
| Payments for purchase of investment securities | (7,991) | (6,078) | (1,913) |
| Proceeds from sale of investment securities | 17,728 | 27,091 | (9,363) |
| Decrease in short - term loans receivable, net | 17,730 | 30,489 | (12,759) |
| Increase of long - term loans receivable | (5,381) | (3,910) | (1,471) |
| Collection of long-term loans receivable | 14,887 | 17,744 | (2,857) |
| Other, net | 14,467 | 2,018 | 12,449 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 48,300 | 66,023 | (17,723) |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Increase/decrease in short-term debt, net | (165,550) | 324,996 | (490,546) |
| Decrease in commercial paper, net | (55,400) | (62,100) | 6,700 |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | 233,761 | 12,423 | 221,338 |
| Repayments of long-term debt | (100,783) | (387,917) | 287,134 |
| Proceeds from issuance of bonds | 124,169 | - | 124,169 |
| Redemption of bonds | (10,927) | (16,775) | 5,848 |
| Other, net | (287) | (560) | 273 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | 24,982 | (129,933) | 154,915 |
| Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash & Cash Equivalents | 4,687 | 872 | 3,815 |
| Net Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents | 66,706 | (110,406) | 177,112 |
| Cash & cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period | 409,266 | 401,240 | 8,026 |
| Effect of Change in Scope of Consolidation | (24) | (820) | 796 |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period | 475,947 | 290,013 | 185,934 |

Segment Information

for the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005

Industry Segments

The business segment information for the six-month period ended September 30, 2005 and preceding interim period are as follows:

Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005

Millions of yen

| | Machinery & Aerospace | Energy & Mineral Resources | Chemicals & Plastics | Real Estate Development & Forest Products | Consumer Lifestyle Business | Overseas Subsidiaries |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Net sales | | | | | | |
| Outside customers | 429,706 | 570,964 | 310,869 | 196,628 | 422,992 | 374,325 |
| Inter-segment | 7,479 | 13,995 | 22,201 | 1,466 | 6,584 | 162,561 |
| Total | 437,185 | 584,959 | 333,071 | 198,095 | 429,576 | 536,887 |
| Operating expense | 430,403 | 576,466 | 323,815 | 193,530 | 425,426 | 533,358 |
| Operating income | 6,781 | 8,493 | 9,255 | 4,565 | 4,150 | 3,528 |
| Total assets (As of September 30, 2005) | 327,456 | 439,959 | 373,183 | 252,105 | 285,600 | 472,439 |

| | Other | Total | Elimination or Unallocated | Consolidated |
|--|---------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|
| Net sales | | | | |
| Outside customers | 48,540 | 2,354,027 | - | 2,354,027 |
| Inter-segment | 19,460 | 233,750 | (233,750) | - |
| Total | 68,001 | 2,587,778 | (233,750) | 2,354,027 |
| Operating expense | 66,764 | 2,549,766 | (233,638) | 2,316,128 |
| Operating income | 1,236 | 38,012 | (112) | 37,899 |
| Total assets (As of September 30, 2005) | 151,064 | 2,301,810 | 203,403 | 2,505,214 |

Notes:

1. Unallocated costs and expenses included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 1,585 millions of yen and comprised mainly administrative group expenses applicable to former Sojitz Corporation
2. Company assets included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 604,785 millions of yen and comprised mainly managed surplus (cash and deposits and bonds, and investment securities) of the Company and former Sojitz Corporation.
3. Comments relating to changes in the classification of and principal products of industry segments are provided as follows:

In accordance with efforts to streamline the Group's management structure and to better achieve the objectives identified in the New Business Plan through an accelerated decision-making process, the Company has reclassified its industry segments from the fiscal year under review as follows. Segment information for the previous fiscal year has been restated in accordance with the revised segment classification for comparative purposes.

The previous independent industry segments of Construction & Urban Development and Forest Products & Building Materials have been integrated to form the Real Estate Development & Forest Products segment.

The previous independent industry segments of Textiles, Foods, and General Commodities & Consumer Business have been integrated to form the Consumer Lifestyle Business segment.

Certain steel-related operations previously included in the Other segment have been included in the Energy & Mineral Resources segment.

The principal products of each industry segment are identified in this report under those sections titled "Status of the Corporate Group" and "Industry Segment Information."

Segment Information

for the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2004

Industry Segments (Continued)

(Ref.) Six-month period ended September 30, 2004

Millions of yen

| | Machinery & Aerospace | Energy & Mineral Resources | Chemicals & Plastics | Real Estate Development & Forest Products | Consumer Lifestyle Business | Overseas Subsidiaries |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Net sales | | | | | | |
| Outside customers | 454,122 | 500,160 | 293,698 | 225,460 | 387,950 | 329,321 |
| Inter-segment | 7,056 | 25,915 | 14,417 | 645 | 8,594 | 138,940 |
| Total | 461,178 | 526,076 | 308,116 | 226,106 | 396,544 | 468,262 |
| Operating expense | 455,354 | 521,000 | 299,268 | 222,783 | 391,042 | 466,596 |
| Operating income (loss) | 5,824 | 5,076 | 8,847 | 3,322 | 5,501 | 1,666 |
| Total assets (As of March 31, 2005) | 326,470 | 428,164 | 355,287 | 276,409 | 279,226 | 474,874 |

| | Other | Total | Elimination or Unallocated | Consolidated |
|--|---------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|
| Net sales | | | | |
| Outside customers | 63,501 | 2,254,215 | - | 2,254,215 |
| Inter-segment | 5,184 | 200,754 | (200,754) | - |
| Total | 68,685 | 2,454,970 | (200,754) | 2,254,215 |
| Operating expense | 65,748 | 2,421,794 | (200,512) | 2,221,281 |
| Operating income (loss) | 2,937 | 33,175 | (241) | 32,934 |
| Total assets (As of March 31, 2005) | 165,939 | 2,306,373 | 142,104 | 2,448,478 |

Notes:

1. Unallocated costs and expenses included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 3,020 millions of yen and comprised mainly administrative group expenses applicable to former Sojitz Corporation
2. Company assets included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 433,492 millions of yen and comprised mainly managed surplus (cash and deposits and bonds, and investment securities) of the Company and former Sojitz Corporation.

Segment Information
for the Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005

Geographic Segments

The geographic segment information for the six-month period ended September 30, 2005 and preceding interim period are as follows:

Six-month Period ended September 30, 2005

Millions of yen

| | Japan | North America | Europe | Asia & Oseania | Other | Total | Elimination or Unallocated | Consolidated |
|--|-----------|---------------|---------|----------------|--------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|
| Net sales | | | | | | | | |
| Outside customers | 1,797,942 | 184,796 | 73,717 | 276,525 | 21,045 | 2,354,027 | - | 2,354,027 |
| Inter-area | 147,650 | 55,700 | 21,910 | 106,962 | 85 | 332,309 | (332,309) | - |
| Total | 1,945,592 | 240,497 | 95,627 | 383,487 | 21,130 | 2,686,336 | (332,309) | 2,354,027 |
| Operating expense | 1,927,058 | 234,858 | 92,947 | 376,879 | 16,967 | 2,648,711 | (332,583) | 2,316,128 |
| Operating income (loss) | 18,533 | 5,638 | 2,680 | 6,608 | 4,163 | 37,624 | 274 | 37,899 |
| Total assets (As of September 30, 2005) | 1,914,728 | 206,517 | 181,859 | 287,423 | 56,628 | 2,647,157 | (141,942) | 2,505,214 |

Notes:

- Countries and regions are categorized by geographical classification.
- The principal regions and countries included in each geographic segments are as follows:

| | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| North America: | United States and Canada |
| Europe: | UK and Russia |
| Asia & Oseania: | Singapore and China |
| Other: | Africa and Central and South America |

3. Unallocated costs and expenses included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 1,585 millions of yen and comprised mainly administrative group expenses applicable to former Sojitz Corporation.

4. Company assets included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 604,785 millions of yen and comprised mainly managed surplus (cash and deposits and bonds, and investment securities) of the Company and former Sojitz Corporation.

(Ref.) Six-month Period ended September 30, 2004

Millions of yen

| | Japan | North America | Europe | Asia & Oseania | Other | Total | Elimination or Unallocated | Consolidated |
|--|-----------|---------------|---------|----------------|--------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|
| Net sales | | | | | | | | |
| Outside customers | 1,755,416 | 144,172 | 63,864 | 265,984 | 24,777 | 2,254,215 | - | 2,254,215 |
| Inter-area | 99,168 | 59,663 | 18,931 | 103,463 | 2,502 | 283,729 | (283,729) | - |
| Total | 1,854,584 | 203,835 | 82,796 | 369,448 | 27,280 | 2,537,945 | (283,729) | 2,254,215 |
| Operating expense | 1,834,776 | 201,872 | 81,822 | 362,350 | 23,076 | 2,503,898 | (282,617) | 2,221,281 |
| Operating income (loss) | 19,808 | 1,963 | 974 | 7,097 | 4,204 | 34,047 | (1,112) | 32,934 |
| Total assets (As of March 31, 2005) | 1,917,528 | 193,591 | 234,599 | 272,002 | 48,843 | 2,666,565 | (218,087) | 2,448,478 |

Notes:

- Countries and regions are categorized by geographical classification.
- The principal regions and countries included in each geographic segments are as follows:

| | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| North America: | United States and Canada |
| Europe: | UK and Germany |
| Asia & Oseania: | Singapore and China |
| Other: | Africa and Central and South America |

3. Unallocated costs and expenses included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 3,020 millions of yen and comprised mainly administrative group expenses applicable to former Sojitz Corporation.

4. Company assets included in "Elimination or Unallocated" totaled 433,492 millions of yen and comprised mainly managed surplus (cash and deposits and bonds, and investment securities) of the Company and former Sojitz Corporation.