Factors Affecting Circled Figures

Increase in coal and automotives

Increase due to new acquisition and accumulation of share of profit of

Decrease due to aircraft-related transactions

Decrease due to repayment of borrowings

Decrease due to repayment of borrowings

Increase in coal and tobacco

Profit for the year +111.2

Lease liabilities (under current liabilities and nor

calculations of gross interest-bearing debt and net

denominator of "Net debt/equity ratio" and the

numerator when calculating "Equity ratio."

Total equity attributable to owners of the Company

current liabilities) have been excluded from

Dividends paid (29.2)

interest-bearing debt.

(BN JPY)

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

Mar. 31,

2023

1,444.5

247.3

7.0

794.9

281.0

114.3

,216.3

195.4

65.6

85.7

70.8

8.1

689.7

101.0

2,660.8

891.8 579.3

17.3

167.8

127.4

892.4

54.1

715.9

22.7

99.7

1,784.2

160.3

147.6

(31.1

138.7

422.2

837.7

38.9

876.6

0.75

31.5%

2,660.8 2,661.7

Property, plant and equipment

Other components of equity

Gross interest-bearing debt*4

Net interest-bearing debt*4

Long-term debt ratio

Net debt/equity ratio (times)*5

Lease assets (Right-of-use assets)

2022

1,394.2

271.7

10.8

791.5

232.8

87.4

,267.5

201.5

69.7

82.5

85.0

13.3

673.6

141.9

2,661.7

897.6

546.0

17.4

231.2

103.0

1,000.2

57.8

821.5

23.9

97.0

1,897.8

160.3

147.0

(31.0)

136.8

314.9

728.0

35.9

763.9

883.7 1.052.7 (169.0)

162.0% 155.3% +6.7ppt

81.0% 78.0% +3.0ppt

770.2 (140.8)

1.06 (0.31)

27.4% +4.1ppt

Difference

50.3

(24.4

(3.8

48.2

26.9

(51.2)

(6.1

(4.1

3.2

(14.2

(5.2)

16.1

(40.9

(0.9)

33.3

(0.1

(63.4

24.4

(107.8

(3.7

(105.6)

(1.2

(113.6)

0.6

(0.1)

1.9

107.3

109.7

112.7

(0.9)

Results Highlights

♦ In the year ended March 31, 2023, the second year of Medium-Term Management Plan 2023, downward was placed on the global economy by factors including Russia's ongoing military invasion of Ukraine, the economic sanctions placed on Russia in response to this act, and the monetary tightening measures implemented to combat

Meanwhile, financial agencies around the world took swift action to prevent rises in credit uncertainty in response to the collapse of a notable U.S. bank and concern regarding the management of banks in Europe. There is a need to monitor the potential economic ramifications of this development.

Revenue in the year ended March 31, 2023, was up year on year following increases in revenue in the Retail & Consumer Service Division, a result of the new acquisition of an aquaculture food product manufacturing company; in the Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling Division, a result of higher prices for coal; and in the Chemicals Division, a result of higher prices of various chemical products. Despite a rise in SG&A expenses associated with the acquisition of new consolidated subsidiaries and a decrease in share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method following a loss recorded by an offshore wind power generation business in Taiwan, profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) was up year on year due to higher gross profit stemming from revenue growth.

(Figures in parentheses are YoY changes)

Revenue 2,479.8 bn yen (+379.0 bn yen / +18.0%)

- · Increase in the Retail & Consumer Service Div. due to the new acquisition of an aquaculture food product manufacturing company
- Increase in the Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling Div. due to higher
- Increase in the Chemicals Div. due to higher prices of various chemical products

Gross profit 337.6 bn yen (+66.3 bn yen / +24.4%)

- Increase in the Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling Div. due to the increase in coal prices
- · Increase in the Chemicals Div. due to higher prices of various chemical
- Increase in the Retail & Consumer Service Div. due to the new acquisition of an aquaculture food product manufacturing company

Profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company)

111.2 bn yen (+28.9 bn yen / +35.1%)

- · Increase in gross profit
- ◆ Cash dividends per share for the year ended March 31, 2023 : 65.00 yen per share (Full year : 130.00 yen per share) Year-end

◆ Earnings forecast for the year ending March 31, 2024

Profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) 95.0 bn yen

Exchange rate (annual average:\(\frac{1}{2}\)/US\$)

♦ Cash dividends per share for the year ending March 31, 2024

Interim : 65.00 yen per share 65.00 yen per share : 130.00 ven per share) (Full year:

- *1 Core earnings = Gross profit + SG&A expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful nvestments accounted for using the equity method
- *2 Core operating cash flow = Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities -Changes in working capital
- *2 Core cash flow = Core operating cash flow + Post-adjustment, net cash provided by (used in) investing activities - Dividends paid - Purchase of treasury stock (Post-adjustment, net cash provided by (used in) investing activities is net cash provided by (used in) investing activities after adjustment for changes in long-term operating assets, etc.)
- Caution regarding forward-looking statements:

This document contains forward-looking statements based on information available to the Company at the time of disclosure and certain assumptions that management believes to be reasonable. Sojitz makes no assuarances as to the actual results and/or outcomes, which may differ materially based on various factors, including changes in economic conditions in key markets, both in and outside of Japan, and exchange rate movements. The Company will provide timely disclosure of any material changes, events, or other relevant issues.

Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss

	FY2022	FY2021		İ		FY2022	(BN JPY)	
	Results	Results	Difference	Factors Affecting Circled Figures		Full-year	Percentage	
		l		ractors Affecting circled rigures		Forecast	Achieved	
-	a	b	a-b	Dayanya saamant shangas		С	a/c	Comment assets
				Revenue: segment changes	.00.2			Current assets
Pavanua	2 470 0	2 100 0	270.0	Retail & Consumer Service	+86.3			Cash and cash equivalents
Revenue	2,479.8	2,100.8	379.0	Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	+85.2			Time deposits
				Chemicals	+84.6			Trade and other receivable
				Gross profit: segment changes			 	Inventories Other current assets
				Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	+23.4			Non-current assets
Gross profit	337.6	271.3	66.3	Chemicals	+11.5	345.0	98%	Property, plant and equipr
·				Retail & Consumer Service	+11.2			Lease assets (Right-of-use
								Goodwill
SG&A expenses								Intangible assets
•	(110.6)	(101.6)	(17.0)					
Personnel expenses	(118.6)	l						Investment property
Non-personnel expenses	(79.5)	l : :						Investments accounted for
Depreciation	(22.7)	(19.0)	(3.7)					using the equity method
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	(2.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)					Other non-current assets
(T. 1000 t	(222.0)	(400.0)	(42.5)	Increase due to acquisition of new		(225.0)		Total assets
(Total SG&A expenses)	(222.8)	(180.3)	(42.5)	consolidated subsidiaries, etc.		(225.0)		
Other income/expenses								Current liabilities
Gain/loss on sale and disposal of								Trade and other payables
fixed assets, net	2.2	6.7	(4.5)					Lease liabilities
Impairment loss on fixed assets	(14.3)	(2.6)	(11.7)	System-related assets, etc.				Bonds and borrowings
Gain on reorganization of	30.8		24.7	Domestic solar power generation				Other current liabilities
subsidiaries/associates	30.8	6.1	24.7	→ businesses and J-REIT management				Non-current liabilities
Loss on reorganization of	(0.0)	(40.3)	0.6	company, etc.				Lease liabilities
subsidiaries/associates	(8.6)	(18.2)	9.6	Copper mine interests Company, etc.				Bonds and borrowings
Other operating income/expenses	2.6	(5.8)	8.4					Retirement benefit liabiliti
(Total other income/expenses)	<u>12.7</u>	(13.8)	<u>26.5</u>			(18.0)		Other non-current liabilitie
Financial income/costs								Total liabilities
Interest earned	12.8	7.4	5.4					
Interest expenses	(18.5)	(11.2)	(7.3)					Share capital
(Interest expenses, net)	(5.7)	(3.8)	(1.9)					Capital surplus
Dividends received	6.7	5.1	1.6					Treasury stock
Other financial income/costs	(0.8)	0.8	(1.6)					Other components of equi
(Financial income/costs, net)	<u>0.2</u>	<u>2.1</u>	(1.9)			(1.0)		Retained earnings
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using	27.3	38.0	(10.7)	Off-shore wind power generation		49.0		Total equity attributable to
the equity method		ļ		business in Taiwan		43.0		owners of the Company
Profit before tax	155.0	117.3	37.7			150.0	103%	Non-controlling interests
Income tax expenses	(39.2)	(31.8)	(7.4)			(35.0)	1010/	Total equity
Profit for the year (Profit attributable to)	115.8	85.5	30.3			115.0	101%	Total liabilities and equity
Owners of the Company	111.2	82.3	28.9			110.0	101%	Gross interest-bearing deb
Non-controlling interests	4.6					5.0	232/3	Net interest-bearing debt*
			· '	•	'			Net debt/equity ratio (time
Core earnings*1	145.1	131.3	13.8			168.0		Equity ratio*5
								Current ratio

			(BN JPY)
	FY2022	FY2021	
	Results	Results	Difference
	a	b	a-b
Profit for the year	115.8	85.5	30.3
Other comprehensive income	30.0	63.1	(33.1)
Total comprehensive income for the year	145.8	148.6	(2.8)
Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	138.4	142.4	(4.0)
Non-controlling interests	7.4	6.2	1.2

Comprehensive Income

Core cash flow*3

Casii i iows				
	FY2022	FY2021		(BN JPY)
	Results	Results	Difference	Factors Affecting Circled Figures
	а	b	a-b	
Cash flows from operating activities	171.6	65.1	106.5	Inflows from business earnings and dividend income
Cash flows from investing activities	29.2	(138.8)	168.0	Revenue from sales of investments and aircraft-related transactions
<u>FCF</u>	200.8	(73.7)	<u>274.5</u>	
Cash flows from financing activities	(230.4)	46.9	(277.3)	Outflows for repayment of borrowings and dividends paid
Core operating cash flow*2	145.2	128.7	16.5	

135.6 10.5 125.1

Sojitz	Corporation

Operating Results					(BN JPY)	Segment Pe	orforman	ca l'Gras	(BN JPY)	Sogmo	nt Darfar	manco [B	rofit for the Year (Attributable to Owners of the Com	nany)]	(BN JPY)
Operating Results					Percentage	Jeginent P	eriorinan	re fains	3 FIUIL	Jegine	ii renoi	mance tr	Tont for the real (Attributable to Owners of the Com	parry/1	
	FY2022	FY2021	Difference	FY2022 Forecast (Feb. 2, 2023)	Achieved (against revised forecast)		FY2022	FY2021	Difference	FY2022	FY2021	Difference	Main Factors Behind Difference	FY2022 Revised Forecast (Feb. 2, 2023)	Progress Overview
Revenue	2,479.8	2,100.8	+379.0	-										(Feb. 2, 2023)	
Gross profit	337.6	271.3	+66.3	345.0	98%	Automotive	55.4	45.6	+9.8	6.0	7.1	(1.1)	Decreased due to lower fourth-quarter earnings in overseas automotive businesses	8.0	Performance lower than full-year forecast due to decreased earnings from overseas automotive businesses
SG&A expenses Other income/expenses	(222.8) 12.7	(180.3)	(42.5) +26.5	(225.0) (18.0)		Aerospace & Transportation Project	20.3	16.2	+4.1	6.4	4.7	+1.7	Increased following aircraft-related earnings contributions and gains on sales of a ship	5.0	Performance higher than full-year forecast following aircraft-related earnings contributions and gains on sales of a ship
Financial income/costs	0.2	2.1	(1.9)	(1.0)		Infrastructure & Healthcare	27.2	19.0	+8.2	7.5	6.6	+0.9	Increased, despite a loss on revaluation of assets recorded by an overseas off-shore wind power generation business, as a result of earnings contributions from domestic and overseas power generation businesses and asset replacement	17.0	Loss on revaluation of assets recorded by an overseas off-shore wind power generation business
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method	27.3	38.0	(10.7)	49.0		Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	83.4	60.0	+23.4	62.7	34.1	+28.6	Increased as a result of higher product selling prices in coal businesses and rises in earnings at a steel trading company	60.0	Performance generally as forecast
Profit before tax	155.0	117.3	+37.7	150.0	103%	Chemicals	62.2	50.7	+11.5	18.5	12.6	+5.9	Increased due to higher prices of various chemical products and improved profitability	17.0	Performance higher than full-year forecast as a result of improved profitability in chemical transactions
Profit for the period (Profit attributable to) Owners of the Company	115.8 111.2	85.5 82.3	+30.3	115.0 110.0	101% 101%	Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business	29.7	30.1	(0.4)	6.4	6.4	+0.0	Unchanged year on year	7.5	Performance lower than full-year forecast due to reduced demand in lumber- related businesses
Non-controlling interests Core earnings*1	4.6 145.1	3.2 131.3	+1.4	5.0 168.0		Retail & Consumer Service	43.7	32.5	+11.2	7.4	5.0	+2.4	Increased due to benefits of asset replacement and earnings contributions from an aquaculture food product manufacturing company	7.5	Performance generally as forecast
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	138.4	142.4	(4.0)			Others	15.7	17.2	(1.5)	(3.7)	5.8	(9.5)	Decreased as a result of impairment losses on system-related assets	(12.0)	
*1 Core earnings = Gross profit + SG&A e write-offs) + Net interest expenses + D for using the equity method						Total	337.6	271.3	+66.3	111.2	82.3	+28.9		110.0	

(BN JPY) Financial Position					
	Mar. 31, 2023	Mar. 31, 2022	Difference		
Total assets	2,660.8	2,661.7	(0.9)		
Total equity*2	837.7	728.0	+109.7		
Equity ratio	31.5%	27.4%	+4.1ppt		
Net interest-bearing debt*3	629.4	770.2	(140.8)		
Net D/E ratio (times)	0.75	1.06	(0.31)		
Risk assets	490.0	450.0	+40.0		
Ratio of risk assets to equity (times)	0.6	0.6	0.0		

^{*2 &}quot;Total equity" above refers to "Total equity attributable to owners of the Company" and is used as the denominator when calculating "Net D/E ratio" and the numerator when calculating "Equity ratio."

Commodity Prices a	nd Exchange Rat	es

	FY2021 Results (Annual Avg.)	FY2022 Initial Assumption (Annual Avg.)	FY2022 Results (Annual Avg.)	FY2022 Results (JanMar. Avg.)
Coking coal**1	US\$317.5/t	US\$280.0/t	US\$328.0/t	US\$343.0/t
Thermal coal**1	US\$181.7/t	US\$160.0/t	US\$356.0/t	US\$248.0/t
Crude oil (Brent)	US\$80.0/bbl	US\$90.0/bbl	US\$95.1/bbl	US\$82.1/bbl
Exchange rate**2	¥113.0/US\$	\115.0/US\$	\136.0/US\$	\133.4/US\$

^{**1} Coal prices are based on standard market prices and therefore differ from the Company's selling prices.



*Attributable to owners of the Company.

^{*3} Lease liabilities (under current liabilities and non-current liabilities) have been excluded from calculations of net interest-bearing debt.

^{**2} Impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate on earnings: ¥1/US\$ change alters gross profit by approx. ¥0.75 bn annually, profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) by approx. ¥0.3 bn annually, and total equity by approx. ¥2.0 bn annually.

			(BN JPY
Operating Results			
	FY2022	FY2023 Forecast	Difference
Revenue	2,479.8	-	-
Gross profit	337.6	320.0	(17.6)
SG&A expenses	(222.8)	(230.0)	(7.2)
Other income/expenses	12.7	5.0	(7.7)
Financial income/costs	0.2	(15.0)	(15.2)
Share of profit (loss) of			
investments accounted	27.3	45.0	+17.7
for using the equity method	27.0	.5.0	
Profit before tax	155.0	125.0	(30.0)
Profit for the year	115.8	100.0	(15.8)
(Profit attributable to)	113.0	100.0	(13.0)
Owners of the Company	111.2	95.0	(16.2)
Non-controlling interests	4.6	5.0	+0.4
Core earnings*	145.1	120.0	(25.1)

^{*} Core earnings = Gross profit + Selling, general and administrative expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and write-offs) + Net interest expenses + Dividends received + Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method

Financial Position

	Mar. 31, 2023	Mar. 31, 2024 Forecast	Difference
Total assets	2,660.8	2,750.0	+89.2
	-	·	
Total equity*1	837.7	870.0	+32.3
Equity ratio	31.5%	31.6%	+0.1ppt
4. 7		0,	066
Net interest-bearing debt*2	629.4	650.0	+20.6
	0_0	330.0	20.0
Net D/E ratio (times)	0.75	0.75	0.0
1100 27 2 14410 (4111103)	0.75	0.75	0.0
Risk assets	490.0	_	_
	430.0		
Ratio of risk assets to equity (times)	0.6	_	_
	0.0	_	_

^{*1 &}quot;Total equity" above refers to "Total equity attributable to owners of the Company" and is used as the denominator when calculating

		(BN JP
Segment Performance (Pr	ofit for the Year	*)
* Attributable to owners of the Company		
New Structure (Organizational reforms)	FY2022	FY2023 Forecast
Automotive	6.0	7.0
Aerospace & Transportation Project	6.9	4.0
Infrastructure & Healthcare	7.5	16.0
Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	62.7	33.0
Chemicals	18.6	16.0
Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business	6.3	8.0
Retail & Consumer Service	6.9	11.0
Other	(3.7)	0.0
Total	111.2	95.0

 $^{{}^*\, {\}sf Based} \ {\sf on} \ {\sf organizational} \ {\sf reforms}, figures \ {\sf for} \ {\sf the} \ {\sf Aerospace} \ \& \ {\sf Transportation} \ {\sf Project}, \ {\sf the} \ {\sf Infrastructure} \ \& \ {\sf Healthcare}, \ {\sf the} \ {\sf t$ the Chemicals, the Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business, the Retail & Consumer Service, and Other segments have been arrived at through a simple conversion of figures for the previous organizational structure to reflect the new organizational structure.

Accordingly, it is possible that these figures may differ from those disclosed later.

FY2023 Outlook

Automotive	Earnings expected to increase due to growing earnings from investment projects
Aerospace & Transportation Project	Earnings expected to decrease as a result of gains on sales of a ship recorded in previous fiscal year
Infrastructure & Healthcare	Earnings expected to increase due to absence of one-time loss recorded in previous fiscal year and earnings contributions from investment projects
Metals, Mineral Resources & Recycling	Earnings expected to decrease based on coal market conditions
Chemicals	Steady performance expected in methanol and plastic resin businesses
Consumer Industry & Agriculture Business	Earnings expected to increase due to recovery of profit in fertilizer businesses
Retail & Consumer Service	Earnings expected to increase as a result of gains from asset replacement and earnings contributions from investment projects

Cash Flows

	FY2021 Results	FY2022 Results	FY2023 Forecast	MTP* 2023 Three-year Forecast (FY2022-FY2023)
Core operating cash flow	128.7	145.2	115.0	Approx. 380.0
Core cash flow	10.5	135.6	(75.0)	Positive
FCF	(73.7)	200.8	80.0	200.0

^{*} Medium-Term Management Plan (MTP)

Note: As of the end of March 31, 2023, in addition to cash in bank of ¥254.3 bn, Sojitz maintains a ¥100.0 bn long-term commitment line (which remains unused) and a US\$2.575 bn long-term commitment line (of which US\$ 0.774 bn has been used).

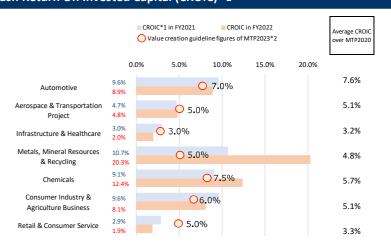
Commodity Prices and Exchange Rates

	FY2023 Assumption (Annual Avg.)	Latest Data (As of Apr. 26, 2023)	
Coking coal*1	US\$230.0/t	US\$250.0/t	
Thermal coal*1	US\$160.0/t	US\$187.9/t	
Crude oil (Brent)	US\$80.0/bbl	US\$77.7/bbl	
Exchange rate*2	¥125.0/US\$	¥133.8/US\$	

¹ Coal prices are based on standard market prices and therefore differ from the . Company's selling prices.

2 Impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate on earnings: ¥1/US\$ change alters gross profit by approx. ¥0.75 bn annually, profit for Company) by approx. ¥0.3 bn annually, and total equity by approx. ¥2.0 bn annually.

Cash Return On Invested Capital (CROIC) *1



^{*1} CROIC is an indicator used for measuring and evaluating value creation introduced as part of MTP 2023. CROIC = Core operating cash flow/Invested capital

^{*2} Lease liabilities (under current liabilities and non-current liabilities) have been excluded from calculations of net interest-bearing

 $^{^{*}2}$ Value creation guideline figures have been set under MTP 2023 indicating the minimum level of the three-year average CROIC that each division needs to achieve in order for us to accomplish our Companywide target of